Disclaimer:

This report is a partial translation of the Annual Securities Report of the Company originally prepared in Japanese, based on information gathered at the time of its preparation and is not in any way intended as a commitment to future implementation. In the event of any discrepancies in words, accounts, figures or the like between this report and the original, the original Japanese version shall govern.

Annual Securities Report

(Report in accordance with Article 24, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act) English excerpt translation of the "Yukashoken-Hokokusho" For the 39th fiscal year from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023

Findex Inc.

(E25283)

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[Cover]

[Document title] Annual Securities Report ("Yukashoken Hokokusho")

[Clause of stipulation] Article 24, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act

[Place of filing] Director-General of Kanto Finance Bureau

[Filing date] March 28, 2024

[Fiscal year] 39th Fiscal Period (January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023)

[Company name] Kabushiki Kaisha Findex

[Company name in English] FINDEX Inc.

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Part 1 Corporate Information

I. Corporate Overview

1 Key Financial Data

(1) Consolidated Key Financial Data

Fiscal year		35th	36th	37th	38th	39th
Fiscal year ended		December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023
Net sales	(JPY in thousands)	4,281,539	4,004,859	4,968,885	4,541,242	5,191,735
Recurring profit	(JPY in thousands)	746,551	643,362	944,593	1,055,708	1,527,453
Profit attributable to owners of parent	(JPY in thousands)	499,249	430,457	636,027	722,779	1,059,140
Comprehensive income	(JPY in thousands)	499,249	430,457	635,796	724,240	1,056,045
Net assets	(JPY in thousands)	2,842,569	3,073,285	3,512,533	4,042,937	4,845,360
Total assets	(JPY in thousands)	3,464,967	3,796,913	4,556,563	4,980,780	5,934,285
Net assets per share	(JPY)	111.03	119.84	136.84	157.63	188.67
Basic earnings per share	(JPY)	19.50	16.81	24.84	28.21	41.31
Diluted earnings per share	(JPY)	_	_	_	_	_
Equity-to-asset ratio	(%)	82.0	80.8	76.9	81.1	81.5
Return on equity	(%)	18.5	14.6	19.4	19.2	23.9
Price earnings ratio	(x)	69.43	69.06	40.50	17.51	24.93
Cash flows from operating activities	(JPY in thousands)	1,670,010	542,550	750,353	693,848	842,844
Cash flows from investing activities	(JPY in thousands)	(367,665)	(146,266)	(493,367)	(230,160)	(296,937)
Cash flows from financing activities	(JPY in thousands)	(207,325)	(201,957)	(183,341)	(142,020)	(270,494)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	(JPY in thousands)	1,778,004	1,972,330	2,045,974	2,287,747	2,563,160
Number of employees	(persons)	273	276	282	282	290

(Notes)

- 1. Diluted earnings per share for the 35th and 39th fiscal year are not described here because there are no issuable shares.
- 2. Diluted earnings per share for the 36th, 37th and 38th fiscal years are not described here because there are no issuable shares with dilutive effects.
- 3. The Company has introduced a stock benefit trust (J-ESOP). For the purpose of calculation of net assets per share, the number of Company shares held by J-ESOP is included in the number of treasury shares deducted from the total number of shares issued and outstanding at the end of the fiscal year. In addition, for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share, the average number of shares of the Company's share held by the stock benefit trust is included in the treasury shares deducted from the average number of shares outstanding during the fiscal year.
- 4. The "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020) has been applied from the beginning of the 38th fiscal year, and the key financial data for the 38th fiscal year and onwards are those after the application of the said accounting standards.

(2) Key Financial Data of Findex Inc.

Fiscal year		35th	36th	37th	38th	39th
Fiscal year end	led	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023
Net sales	(JPY in thousands)	4,241,356	3,982,323	4,924,598	4,487,352	5,153,469
Recurring profit	(JPY in thousands)	660,748	738,919	969,359	1,056,439	1,481,101
Profit	(JPY in thousands)	454,296	514,871	671,969	737,639	1,028,077
Investment income when equity method is applied	(JPY in thousands)	_	_	_	_	_
capital stock	(JPY in thousands)	254,259	254,259	254,259	254,259	254,259
Total number of issued shares	(shares)	26,608,800	26,608,800	26,608,800	26,608,800	26,608,800
Net assets	(JPY in thousands)	2,883,943	3,199,072	3,671,494	4,201,464	4,970,533
Total assets	(JPY in thousands)	3,501,638	3,899,555	4,678,409	5,146,346	6,057,614
Net assets per share	(JPY)	112.64	124.75	143.16	163.98	193.81
Dividends per share		8.00	8.00	8.50	9.50	13.00
[Interim dividend per share incabove]	cluded (JPY)	[2.50]	[2.50]	[2.50]	[3.00]	[4.00]
Basic earnings per share	(JPY)	17.75	20.11	26.24	28.79	40.10
Diluted earnings per share	(JPY)	_	_	_	_	_
Equity-to-asset ratio	(%)	82.4	81.9	78.4	81.6	82.1
Return on equity	(%)	16.5	16.9	19.6	18.7	22.4
Price earnings ratio	(x)	76.30	57.74	38.34	17.16	25.69
Payout ratio	(%)	45.1	39.8	32.4	33.0	32.4
Number of employees	(persons)	263	269	274	280	285
Total shareholder return	(%)	253.2	218.8	191.5	98.1	200.2
[Comparison benchmark: TOP	IX] (%)	[118.1]	[126.8]	[143.0]	[139.5]	[178.9]
Highest share price	(JPY)	1,464	1,665	1,345	1,078	1,054
Lowest share price	(JPY)	507	528	905	470	472

(Notes) 1. Diluted earnings per share for the 35th and 39th fiscal year are not shown because there are no issuable shares.

- 2. Diluted earnings per share for the 36th, 37th and 38th fiscal years are not described here because there are no issuable shares with dilutive effects.
- 3. The Company has introduced a stock benefit trust (J-ESOP). For the calculation of net assets per share, the number of Company shares held by J-ESOP is included in the number of treasury shares deducted from the total number of shares issued and outstanding at the end of the fiscal year. In addition, for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share, the average number of shares of the Company's share held by the stock benefit trust is included in the treasury shares deducted from the average number of shares outstanding during the fiscal year.
- 4. The highest and lowest share prices are those on the Tokyo Stock Exchange (Prime Market) from April 4, 2022, and those on the Tokyo Stock Exchange (First Section) before that.
- 5. The "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020) has been applied from the beginning of the 38th fiscal year, and the key financial data for the 38th fiscal year and onwards are those after the application of the said accounting standards.

2 History

2 History Month/Year	matter
January 1985	Shikoku Kanei Kogyo Co., Ltd. established in Matsuyama City, Ehime Prefecture
., -, -,	(capitalized at ¥5,000 thousand).
December 1987	Business closed and corporate status dormant.
May 1992	Company name changed to Shake Hands Inc. and reopened.
July 1993	Company name changed to Pioneer Shikoku Co.
May 1994	Started developing software for medical use
March 1998	Company name changed to PSC Inc.
September 2000	Joint research with Ehime Medical Association, Ehime University Medical Informatics Department, and
March 2001	others began on construction of medical association intranet work, etc. Participated in the development support of the Nichii-Medical Standard Receipt Software as a primary development member of the ORCA project from the Japan Medical Association.
May 2002	The business model of electronic medical record research and development was adopted as "Ehime Prefecture Active Venture Support Project" in FY2002 and FY2003.
December 2002	Released electronic medical record REMORA.
April 2003	Tokyo Branch opened in Minato-ku, Tokyo.
October 2003	Released Claio, a data management software for medical use.
February 2006	Head office relocated to Nagaki-cho, Matsuyama, Ehime.
October 2009	Osaka branch opened in Chuo-ku, Osaka.
March 2011	Listed on JASDAQ (Standard) of the Osaka Securities Exchange.
September 2011	Head office relocated to Sanbancho, Matsuyama, Ehime.
November 2012	Opened Sapporo Branch in Kita-ku, Sapporo City and Fukuoka Branch in Hakata-ku, Fukuoka City.
July 2013	Listed on the JASDAQ (Standard) of the Tokyo Stock Exchange following the merger of the Osaka Securities Exchange and the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
November 2014	Company name changed to Findex Inc.
November 2014	Listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange from JASDAQ (Standard).
March 2015	Fukuoka branch relocated to Chuo-ku, Fukuoka city.
June 2015	Tokyo branch renamed Tokyo head office, shifting to dual headquarters structure
July 2015	Acquired the business of Try For Inc.
January 2017	Matsuyama Head Office was renamed Shikoku Office and the Headquarter was centralized in Tokyo.
February 2017	Established consolidated subsidiary Eagle Matrix Consulting, Co., Ltd.
August 2018	Consolidated subsidiary Eagle Matrix Consulting, Co., Ltd changed its name to EMC Healthcare Co., Ltd.
February 2019	Released GAP-screener, the gaze analyzing perimeter.
August 2019	Naha Branch opened in Naha City.
December 2020	Tokyo Head Office relocated to Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo.
February 2021	Invested in Digital Entertainment Asset Pte. LTD.
March 2021	Invested in CROSS SYNC. Inc.
April 2021	Released GAP, the gaze analyzing perimeter.
April 2021	Established a consolidated subsidiary, Fitting Cloud Inc.
April 2021	Kyoto Branch opened in Nakagyo-ku, Kyoto.
May 2021	Niigata Branch opened in Chuo-ku, Niigata City.
April 2022	Moved from the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange to the Prime Market following the reorganization of the Tokyo Stock Exchange market.
April 2022	Registered head office changed to Tokyo Head Office.
July 2022	EMC Healthcare Co., Ltd. became an equity-method affiliate of the Company from a consolidated subsidiary as a result of the exercise of stock options by its managements and employees.

3 Description of Business

The Group consists of the Company, one consolidated subsidiary, and one equity-method affiliate.

Effective from the fiscal year 2023, the reportable segments were reorganized into three segments: Medical Business, Public Business, and Health Tech Business. For details, please refer to "Section 5 Financial Status 1 Consolidated Financial Statements (i) Consolidated Financial Statements Notes Segment Information, etc."

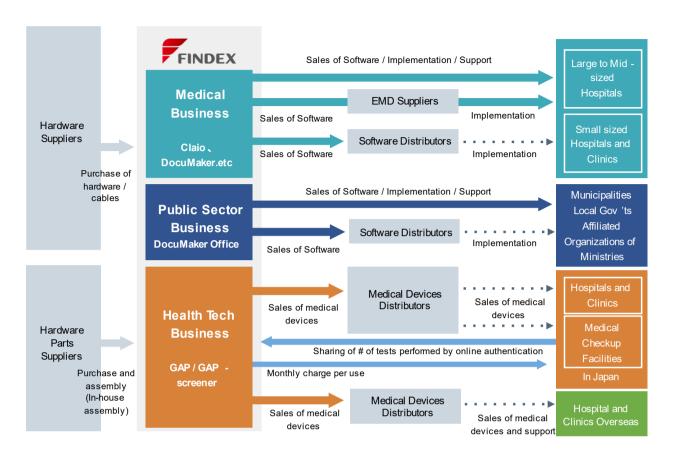
(1) About the Group's Products

The main products and its features of the Group are as follows (*indicates a consolidated subsidiary). Products from EMC Healthcare, which is an equity-method affiliate, are omitted here.

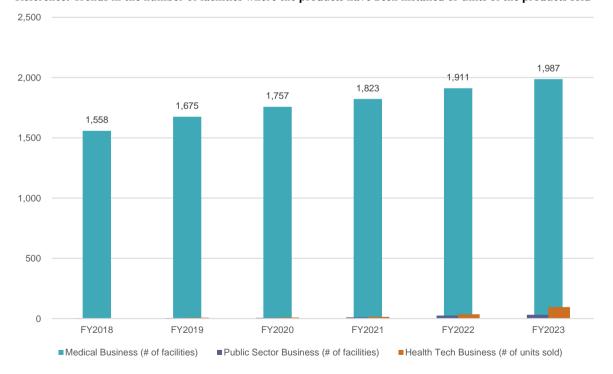
Reportable Segment		Main Products	
Medical Business	ClaioDashboard	Integrated Browsing System	
Wiedicai Dusiliess	Claio	Data Management Software	
	C-Scan	Document Integrated Archiving Software	
	DocuMaker	Medical Document Management Software	
	PDI+MoveBy	PDI Import / Export Software	
	C-Note	Clinical Record Entry Software	
	MapleNote	Perinatal Software	
	REMORA	Electronic Medical Record	
	ID-Cam/Claio-Cam	Digital Camera Solution	
	UniversalSearcher	Medical Big Data Search Software	
	ConnectFAX	Management System for Referrals by FAX	
	LIS Endoscopy System	Endoscopy Department Software	
	LIS Ultrasound System	Ultrasonic Division Software	
	ProRad RIS	Radiology Information Software	
	ProRad RS	Radiological Reporting Software	
	ProRad QA	Integrated Image Detection Software	
	Gateway System	mogratou mage z evertien zermare	
	C-Peri/C-Peri ME (PMDA approved)	Visual Field Viewer	
	C-Nys/C-Nys ME (PMDA approved)	Nystagmus Analysis Support System	
	Remotalk-Cloud		
	Cloud Backup Service	Security Service	
	Dodo	Task Management Application for Families	
	PiCls Medical Avenue	Patient Information App	
	PiCls On-shin	Telemedicine Software	
	PiCls AAdE-Report		
	PiCls Booking Assistant		
	PiCls Referral		
	Weberi*	Internet Browsing Virtualization Service	
	Bricks*	Cloud-based General-purpose EDC/Questionnaire	
		System	
	Valloon*	Closed-cloud Data Storage	
Public Sector Business	DocuMaker Office (medical)	Document management Software for Administrative	
Tuone Sector Business		Sections	
	DocuMaker Office (non-medical)	Public Records Management and Electronic	
		Approval software	
	DocuMaker Shelf	Electronic Bookkeeping Solutions	
Health Tech Business	GAP-screener (PMDA approved)	Gaze Analyzing Perimeter for Checkup Facilities	
Teatur Tean Business	GAP (PMDA approved)	Gaze Analyzing Perimeter for Eye Clinics and Hospitals	

(2) Business Structure

The business diagram for transactions between the Company and its consolidated subsidiary and equity-method affiliate is omitted due to immateriality.



*Reference: Trends in the number of facilities where the products have been installed or units of the products sold



4 Subsidiaries and Other Affiliated Entities

Company Name	Address	Capital (JPY in thousands)	Principal Business	% of voting rights (%)	Business Transactions with the Company
[Consolidated Subsidiary]					
Fitting Cloud Inc.	Nakagyo, Kyoto	10,000	Medical Business	70.0	The company provides cloud-based IT services. Directors serve concurrently. Some operations are contracted or outsourced.
[Equity-Method Affiliate]					
EMC Healthcare Co., Ltd.	Chiyoda, Tokyo	100,000	Health Tech Business	18.9	The company offers medical facility management consulting and other proposals for medical data management solutions, as well as contracted R&D and development of health tech-related products. Directors serve concurrently. Bonds are underwritten.

5 Employees

(1) Information about Consolidated Companies

As of December 31, 2023

Segments	Number of employees (persons)
Medical Business	269
Public Sector Business	9
Health Tech Business	12
Total	290

(2) Information about Reporting Company

As of December 31, 2023

Number of employees (persons)	Average age (years)	Average years of service (years)	Average annual salary (JPY in thousands)
285	39.6	6.3	5,741

As of December 31, 2023

Segment	Number of employees (persons)
Medical Business	264
Public Sector Business	9
Health Tech Business	12
Total	285

(Notes) 1. The number of employees is the number of full-time employees. The number of temporary employees (part-timers and employees from temporary staffing agencies) is omitted because the total number is less than 10/100 of the total number of employees.

2. Average annual salary includes extra wages.

(3) Status of Labor Unions

No labor union has been formed, but labor-management relations are amicable.

(4) Percentage of female employees in management positions, rate of male employees taking childcare leave, and gender wage gap for workers

(i) Reporting Company

		FY2023			
Percentage of female employees	Rate of male employees taking	Gender wage gap for workers (%) (Note 1)			Remarks
in management positions (%) (Note 1)	childcare leave (%) (Note 2)	All workers	All workers Of which, full-time employees		
					Compensations are set
					considering employees'
					knowledge, experience, and
					abilities, adjusting them
					according to the roles'
					difficulty levels. While there
8.6	50.0	60.6	63.5	115.4	may be differences in
					compensations based on role
					disparities, there are no
					distinctions based on age,
					gender, nationality, or other
					similar factors when
					performing the same role.

Note 1 Calculated based on the provisions of "Act of the Promotion of Women's Active Engagement in Professional Life" (ACT No.64 of 2015).

Note 2 Calculated the rate of taking childcare leave in Article 71-4 item 1 of the "Ordinance for Enforcement of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members" (Ordinance of the Ministry of Labor No. 25 of 1991) based on "Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members" (Act No. 76 of 1991).

(ii) Consolidated Subsidiary

This information is omitted because the consolidated subsidiary Fitting Cloud Inc. is not obligated to disclose the information pursuant to the provisions of "Act on the Promotion of Women's Active Engagement in Professional Life" (Act No. 64 of 2015) and "Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members" (Act No. 76 of 1991)

II. Overview of Business

1 Management Policy, Business Environment and Issues to Address

Matters related to business conditions, accounting conditions, etc., described in the Annual Securities Report that may have a material effect on investors' decisions include the following.

Forward-looking statements in the text are based on the judgment of the Group as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year.

(1) Management Policy

In order to realize its corporate philosophy of "enriching society with Technologies and Creation", the Group believes it is essential to quickly develop and provide high-quality solutions that meet the needs of the medical community. Its basic management policy is to promote "research and development that allows its employees to feel the joy of creating things" based on "the search for new ideas and technologies" and to provide "products that exceed customer expectations and contribute to the further development of society.

(2) Business Environment

In the medical industry, digital technology adoption is surging forward, with multiple government-led digitalization (DX) initiatives in progress. The initiation of using My Number card (ID card) as health insurance cards, the move towards e-prescriptions, and the expedited integration of data through cloud-based technology have all fueled a high demand for DX solutions. Furthermore, there's a growing need for regional healthcare collaboration to establish seamless care that spans from acute treatment through recovery to the patient's return home. In response to concerns over the excessive workload of physicians, an amendment to the Medical Care Act, set to take effect in April 2024, seeks to encourage changes in physicians' work practices. In this environment, the Group will continue to aggressively develop and market its products and services to attract additional product and replacement installations for existing customers, as well as to make its products and services available to an even greater number of customers through new initiatives.

In the public sector industry, there is little competition in the Group's target segment, and the need for digitalization is increasing year by year, even more so than in the medical industry. The Group will continue to expand sales of its products because the business environment is very favorable, with interest in its products coming from government organizations of various sizes, and the sales activities have been going smoothly.

In the health tech industry, the reclassification of COVID-19 to a Class 5 category under the infectious diseases law has created more opportunities for us to showcase our products at various conferences and exhibitions. This increased visibility has significantly boosted interest in our Gaze Analyzing Perimeter, "GAP," among healthcare professionals. While there are other head-mounted display-type perimeters like "GAP" available both domestically and internationally, "GAP" sets itself apart with its innovative testing approach. This unique methodology is unmatched by any other device on the market, providing us with a significant competitive advantage.

The Group plans to intensify our marketing efforts through partners to further increase "GAP's" sales. Our commitment is to ensure that customers, both in Japan and globally, are aware of the superior performance and uniqueness of our product.

(3) Priority Business and Financial Issues to Address

The Group will address the following priority business and financial issues.

(i) Retaining of right talents to strengthen product development and sales capabilities

The Group believes that the source of its competitiveness is the product quality, and that the quality lies in its deep knowledge of its overall business domain, its ability to gather information to understand customer's needs, and its high development capability to quickly commercialize products based on this knowledge. Although there is no shortage of staff in the development department at the present stage, the Group will strive to retain right talent with high skills and a sense of mission, both new graduates and mid-career hires. On the sales side, the Group recognize that it is essential to hire personnel on an appropriate scale to match the speed of business expansion, and it will continue its efforts to secure personnel with a good balance of knowledge and skills in all areas of its business.

(ii) Extending the scope of business into peripheral areas

a. Development of cloud services

Since its establishment, the Group has been expanding its business by installing its products to medical institutions nationwide, focusing on in-hospital information systems, and in the future will also focus on linking with external services associated with medical care and forming medical communities. By promoting digitalization in the medical industry, the Group will contribute to the reduction of environmental burdens, and by providing cloud-based solutions, it will digitally connect not only medical institutions and patients, but also pharmacies, transportation, home nursing stations, and various other people, goods, and services to improve the convenience and efficiency of a series of medical treatment cycles.

b. Sales of medical software and medical devices overseas

The Group has maintained and expanded its business stably through the provision of software to medical institutions within

Japan. As it fully embarks on international expansion, essential for its further growth, the Group will continue to push forward with projects to provide medical solutions in India in FY2024. Additionally, the Group began shipping its device, the Gaze Analyzing Perimeter, "GAP," to Europe, the Middle East, and North Africa on December 1, 2023, through its main distributor in these regions, Rexxam Co., Ltd. The device will be available in around 50 countries, marketed as 'FIELDNavigator,' an OEM product of Rexxam Co., Ltd. Looking ahead, the Group plans to broaden its sales to include India and ASEAN countries. To achieve this, the Group is committed to securing the necessary medical device approvals in each target country.

2 Policy and Initiatives Related to Sustainability

The Group's approach to sustainability and its initiatives are as follows. Forward-looking statements are based on the judgment of the Group as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year, and the results could differ significantly due to various factors.

As a business entity engaged in activities with a high degree of public interest, the Group emphasizes the fulfillment of its social responsibilities. The Group supports the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and is actively working towards achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) advocated by the United Nations. Through business activities that consider Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) factors, the Group aims to create a prosperous society. In terms of environmental initiatives, the Group contributes to environmental protection through digitalization and efficiency improvements to reduce paper usage, setting ESG investment frameworks, reducing CO2 emissions, and promoting clean energy. In its social initiatives, the Group is working to reduce work tasks in medical settings and narrow medical disparities, as well as to build and maintain a healthy working environment that enhances employee engagement.

●Governance

The Group has established a "Sustainability Committee" to promote its efforts to solve social and corporate sustainability issues, including consideration of global environmental issues such as climate change, respect for human rights, and fair and appropriate business activities for all stakeholders including employees, as business opportunities.

The Committee consists of the Representative Director, the Department Manager of the Administration Department, and an Executive Officer as its members. The Committee has established a forum to review, formulate, and evaluate measures twice a year to confirm the current status of climate-related issues and to discuss and take measures to resolve these issues. The Sustainability Committee discusses and finalizes the reported climate-related risks and response policies, which are then reflected in the business activities of each department through the Sustainability Team and monitors the status of the responses.



Risk management

The Group is dedicated to recognizing, assessing, and overseeing the various risks linked to its business operations. The Group aims to handle these risks effectively, striving for sustainable growth and the long-term increase in corporate value. Its analysis encompasses a wide range of ESG related risks, including market trends, regulatory changes, technological advancements, and evolving societal needs. The Group also values internal feedback and the perspectives of its employees, integrating them into the risk evaluation process.

The effectiveness and progress of The Group's risk management strategies are consistently reviewed by the Sustainability

Committee. These reviews are then communicated to both management and stakeholders. For details on how The Group manages risks associated with climate change, please see "1. Approach to sustainability and initiatives" Information on other types of risks can be found in "3. Business Risks."

(1) Approach and Efforts Towards Climate Change

In line with the Prime Market Corporate Governance Code, The Group has performed a scenario analysis on how climate change could affect its business, in alignment with the TCFD recommendations. We have made this information public and plan to extend its analysis scope in the future. This effort will guide its management strategies and enhance its reporting on the financial impacts of climate change. Although the software industry contributes minimally to greenhouse gas emissions, The Group acknowledges the significance of recognizing and managing business risks and opportunities related to climate change. This approach is essential for fostering a sustainable society. Additionally, The Group has enrolled in the Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) to affirm its commitment. By endorsing the TCFD recommendations, The Group is committed to intensifying its climate change mitigation efforts and aiding in the creation of a decarbonized society.

●Governance

Under a robust governance framework, the Company considers climate change measures as one of its most critical issues. The Company actively discloses information about its efforts to stakeholders, continuously makes improvements, and manages through systems such as environmental management systems. Furthermore, the Company conducts management reviews on the outcomes.

Strategy

In order to properly understand the risks and opportunities of climate change, the Group sets two scenarios and analyzed "acute" and "chronic" as 4°C scenarios, which are "scenarios in which temperatures rise as expected without progress in climate change measures, and physical risks and opportunities arise from this increase". On the other hand, the Company analyzed "policy and regulation," "market," and "reputation" as the 2°C scenario, which is "a scenario in which various activities are implemented to prevent global warming and risks and opportunities arise from the transition to a decarbonized society".

[Scenario setup]

Multiple internationally accepted climate change scenarios are referenced in the analysis of climate-related risks and opportunities.

2°C scenario	A scenario in which policies and regulations are implemented to achieve a decarbonized society and the global temperature increase from pre-industrial times is limited to less than 2°C. Transition risk is high, but physical risk is lower than in the 4°C scenario.	IPCC Shared Socio-economic Pathways (SSP 1.9) Shared Socio-economic Pathways (SSP 2.6) ■IEA Net Zero Emissions by 2050 Scenario (NZE)
4°C scenario	This scenario assumes that the announced targets, such as national targets in the Paris Agreement, will be achieved. No new policies or regulations are introduced, and global energy-derived CO2 emissions continue to increase. Transition risk is low, but physical risk is high.	IPCC Shared Socio-economic Pathways (SSP 8.5) ■IEA World Energy Outlook

[Scenario Analysis Procedure]

Step 4 Step 1 Step 2 Step 3 Assessment of the resilience of Identification and Setting Climate-Related Assessment of financial impact the strategy to climate-related parameterization of key climaterisks & opportunities and further related risks and opportunities measures to address them Identification of climate-related risks Based on the information in Step 1. Analyze the financial impact of each Assessing the resilience of our and opportunities etc., identify scenarios that are scenario based on the writing strategy to climate-related risks and opportunities Assessment of risks and closely related to the existing scenarios established in Step 2 and opportunities of high importance scenarios the key climate-related Consideration of further measures Set parameters related to Establishment of contribution-related risks/opportunities and related risks/opportunities of high importance scenarios (social image) parameters identified in Step 1

[Scenario Analysis Results]

In the scenario analysis, specific studies were conducted for the Company's major businesses, and a qualitative analysis was conducted based on the major risks and opportunities as of 2030.

	Category	Class	Detail	Business Impact	Scale of Influence
		Policy and Regulation	Introduction of carbon tax and increase in carbon tax rate	Regulations may increase the tax burden and restrict the available raw materials and manufacturing methods for the production of medical devices.	Small
	Transition risks	Market	Changing consumer preferences	Failure to meet customer needs for environmental impact reduction leads to lost business opportunities.	Small
Risks		Reputation	Stakeholder criticism of inadequate disclosure	Stakeholders may view the company's response to climate change issues as inadequate, which will lead to lower reputation among stakeholders, higher recruitment and financing costs, and impact on the company's prices.	Medium
THORE	Physical	Chronic	Deterioration in stable supply of raw materials, increase in procurement costs	There is a financial risk of increased power costs due to higher air conditioning loads in the data center resulting from higher average temperatures and the inability to pass these costs on to prices.	Small
	risks	Acute	Increase in the rate and severity of extreme weather events	There is a possibility of data loss to the collapse of the data center or damage to in-house servers caused by extreme weather or natural disasters, or the suspension of operations and services due to human casualties.	Small
	Energy Source Energy Source Promote introduction of energy-saving technologies Shift to energy security and decentralization Product & Services Services that contribute to supporting the transition to a decarbonized society Market Access to new markets		This leads to a reduction in production costs.	Medium	
		Energy Source	Shift to energy security and decentralization	Increased stakeholder recognition and corporate value through proactive involvement in climate change issues. Expanding sales of products and services that contribute to reducing the environmental impact of society.	Large
Opportunities			Growing social demand for environmentally friendly management has increased demand for the Group's DocuMaker, C-Scan, and other services that promote online and paperless operations. Sales are expected to improve as ser	Large	
		Access to new markets	The widespread use of online medical care and GAP is expected to improve sales as a service that reduces the burden of patient travel and reduces CO2 emissions associated with travel.	Large	
		Resilience	Deterioration in stable supply of raw materials, increase in procurement costs	By diversifying development and sales bases, we diversify risk by always approaching .customers from the most suitable base for their environment.	Medium

Impact Levels Large : $\geq 100 \text{M}$ yen, Medium : 10-100M yen, Small : < 10 M yen

●Risk Management

[Process for identifying and assessing climate-related risks]

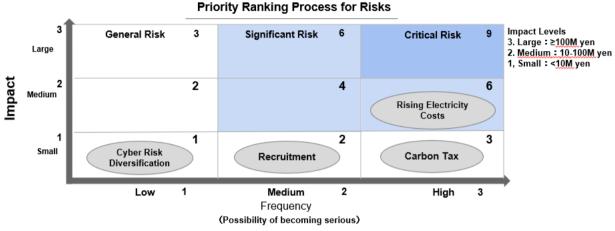
(Risk Identification Process)

The Sustainability Committee, led by the CEO, carries out a biannual screening for climate-related risks. This process draws on data consolidated from various departments. Risks are evaluated based on two criteria: their frequency and their impact on our business. This assessment helps in gauging their significance.

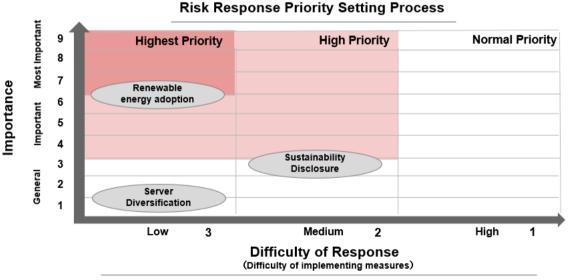
(Priority Setting Process for Risk Response)

To determine the priority for addressing risks, The Group considers both their impact level and frequency. These factors are combined to assess risks in terms of their significance to The Group and the difficulty of implementing a response. For risks deemed significant, The Group develops a strategic response policy.

The following figure represents the results of the risk analysis in this scenario analysis.



Risks with high impact and frequency are defined as critical risks



Identify measures with high-risk importance and low response difficulty as the highest priority

[Process for managing climate-related risks]

Climate-related risks identified and assessed by the Sustainability Committee and policies for addressing them are reported to the Board of Directors at least twice a year and as needed.

The Board of Directors discusses and finalizes the reported climate-related risks and response policies. The Sustainability Committee will then pass these policies on to the Sustainability Team, which will monitor the progress of each department's business activities.

Indicators and Targets

By 2030, the Group aims to achieve a 4.2% reduction in Scope 1 and 2 emissions from the previous fiscal year's levels, in line with the SBT 1.5°C target. Additionally, it sets a goal to reduce Scope 3 GHG emissions by 50%, using a sales-based intensity target for measurement.

Actual GHG emissions in Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 (FY2022)

Scope 1	13 tCO2
Scope 2	209 tCO2
Scope 3	4,093 tCo2
Total	4,315 tCO2

(2) Approach and Initiatives Regarding Human Capital

In recent corporate management, there is an urgent need to build an organization that respects diversity. The scope of this effort is not limited to the traditional promotion of female employees, but also encompasses a wide range of issues, such as to promote inclusions of any nationalities, religions, and sexual minorities. The Group is committed to meeting these challenges and fulfilling its social responsibility as a company that supports the physical and mental wellness of people by creating and maintaining a diversity-friendly work environment and promoting inclusive hiring practices.

Strategy

(Talent Development Strategy)

In the area of human resources development, The Group actively promote employees to key positions, regardless of gender, nationality, or age, but according to their past achievements and preferences. It also actively transfers authorities, creating many opportunities for employees to take on new challenges, such as considering new business opportunities and exploring new business fields. Approximately 98% of the Group's Directors and managers are mid-career hires. Although it is possible that the percentage of mid-career hires in management positions will decline in the future due to the promotion of experienced employees to management positions, the Group has not set a voluntary and measurable goal for the promotion of mid-career hires to management positions because the percentage is expected to remain high. Regarding the promotion of non-Japanese nationals to management positions, the Group recognizes that it will be a necessary challenge in the future to hire non-Japanese nationals as needed, promote them to management positions, and set voluntary and measurable targets, considering its business development. The Group's action plan based on the Act on the Promotion of Women's Active Engagement in Professional Life sets a target of increasing the percentage of women in management positions to 9% by 2026 and to 18% by 2030 (8.6% as of December 31, 2023). The Group will measure the effectiveness of its action plan annually starting in March 2023 to achieve these goals, while promoting specific measures such as providing training and e-learning opportunities for female employees who wish to be promoted to management positions.

Following are the measures related to our Talent Development Strategy.

- Enhancement of the internal training system and flexible personnel placement
- Strategic job rotations aligned with each employee's desired career path to maximize their growth potential
- Promotion of diversity-conscious recruitment and talent development to foster an organizational culture resilient to external changes

(Workplace Environment Improvement Policy)

The Group regards maintaining an environment where employees can work comfortably as a critical management issue. A positive workplace environment not only enhances employee satisfaction but also directly contributes to increased productivity. Through these initiatives, the Group aims to support the well-being of its employees, thereby contributing to the long-term growth of the company. Following are the measures related to our Workplace Environment Improvement Policy.

- Creation and maintenance of a healthy workplace environment that fosters high employee engagement
- Expansion of employment opportunities through the efficient increase of regional and international presence
- Establishment of flexible work styles to accommodate diverse employee needs
- Support for skill development through internal initiatives, aligning with the personal goals of employees, and enhancing opportunities for promotion
- Encouragement of reskilling by offering sabbatical leaves for employees

●Indicators and Targets

The Group is developing key performance indicators and setting goals focused on human capital to unlock the full potential of its employees and drive sustainable growth. Here are the specific strategies being put into place.

- Increase the ratio of female workers in managerial positions to 18% by 2030.
- Starting from 2023, the Group has implemented a job-based approach to human resource management that includes opportunities for job rotation.
- By 2025, The Group's goal is to facilitate career advancement for 20% of its employees through an internal internship program, offering experiences in different departments.
- The Group is working towards earning certification as a Health and Productivity Management Organization

	2022 Actual	2023 Actual	2025 Target
Employee Survey Response Rate (%)	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%
Employee Engagement	-	3.2	Above 3.5
Stress Check Response Rate (%)	88.0%	86.0%	100%
Turnover Rate (%)	6.5%	9.7%	4.0%
Number of Part-time Work System Users	19	8	25
Ratio of Foreign National Employees (%)*	0.3%	0.98%	1.5%
Ratio of Independent External Directors (%)	33.3%	37.5%	44.4%
Number of Applications for Qualification Incentives	-	18	24
Average Annual Paid Leave Days Taken	-	18.8	21.0
Average Monthly Overtime Hours	-	17.5	16.5
Ratio of Women in Management Positions	3.8%	8.6%	9.0%

^{*}The ratio of foreign national employees is a figure that represents our group of companies. All other figures apply to individual companies (including part-time employees and temporary staff).

^{*}The ratio of female workers in managerial positions is based on the figures for full-time employees of individual company.

3 Business Risks

The following are the major risks that management recognizes as having the potential to materially affect the consolidated company's financial position, operating results, and cash flows, among other matters related to the business and accounting conditions described in the Annual Securities Report.

Forward-looking statements in the text are based on the judgment of the Group as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year.

(1) Incidents and Accidents Related to Information Security

The Company handles a significant amount of information that should be managed with a high level of security, including patient information from hospitals and administrative documents. To protect all information from loss, misuse, alteration, and damage, it continuously implements physical, technical, and managerial security measures. In 2012, the Company obtained certification for Information Security Management System (ISMS) for maintenance services related to large-scale hospitals' medical information systems. Since then, the Company has expanded the scope of certification gradually, and currently, all information system maintenance services are ISMS certified. Additionally, in August 2021, it also obtained ISMS Cloud Security certification for maintenance services. The Company has established a Personal Information Management System (PIMS) compliant with the Japanese Industrial Standards for Personal Information Protection Management System - Requirements (JIS Q 15001) to strengthen internal systems, and it conducts ongoing education and awareness campaigns for employees.

Furthermore, as the frequency and sophistication of cyber attacks increase, and incidents affecting organizational operations become more frequent, the Company recognizes the growing demand for cybersecurity and risk consulting services among medical institutions and government organizations. In response, it provides customers with optimal security measures and support the enhancement of cyber resilience.

However, if an information security incident were to occur due to unforeseen circumstances, the Group's credibility could be damaged, its corporate image could be tarnished, or the ISMS certification could be revoked, which could affect the Group's business and earnings.

(2) Incidents and Accidents Concerning Personal Information

When providing medical system installation services to medical institutions, the Company may temporarily receive personal information stored by such institutions. The Company is fully aware of the importance and risks associated with the handling of personal information and have established personal information protection regulations to ensure that personal information is managed appropriately. In addition to disclosing its personal information protection policy on the website, the Company has established action guidelines and guidelines that conform to these rules and policies, and it ensures thorough management of personal information through education and training. In January 2008, the Company received the Privacy Mark certification.

However, in the event of a leakage of personal information due to unforeseen circumstances in the information management process, etc., there is a possibility that the Company may be subject to claims for substantial damages, revocation of Privacy Mark certification, or fines, which may affect its business and performance.

(3) Litigation, etc.

Although there are currently no pending cases, lawsuits, etc. may occur for some reason, such as (i) and (ii) listed below, which may affect the Group's business performance. (However, the Group is prepared for the risk of compensation damages and expenses related to its IT business by purchasing liability insurance for such claims.)

- (i) In the event that users suffer damages due to a defect in the Group's products caused by its negligence, its business performance may be affected due to monetary compensation or loss of trust.
- (ii) When introducing its products to medical institutions, the Company may be entrusted with medical institution information, including patients' personal information, for data migration work. In the unlikely event that such information is leaked to outside parties due to a flaw in the internal information management system, the Group's business and earnings could be affected by financial compensation or loss of social credibility.

(4) Obsolescence of Products and Services

Our Group's development department is engaged in the improvement of existing products and the research and development of new products. However, in the unlikely event that new technologies or services that the Group does not anticipate become popular, the Group's products may become obsolete, which may affect the Group's business performance. In addition, a reduction in product prices due to intensified competition in the market may affect our group's business performance.

(5) Dependence on the Specific Officer and Retaining and Training Right Talent

(i) Dependence on the specific officer

Teruo Aibara is the President and CEO of the Company and is deeply involved in the Company's sales and development activities. However, the Company's dependence on him has decreased as a result of the current division of duties and delegation of authorities. However, if for some reason it becomes difficult for him to continue his duties at the Company in the future, the Company's business performance may be affected.

(ii) Retaining and Training Right Talent

the Company's employees are required to have advanced knowledge of medical care and IT and the ability to make proposals. The Company will continue to strive to expand its workforce through ongoing recruiting activities and education and training programs. However, failure to hire and train employees in a planned manner could affect the business expansion and prospects.

(6) Relationship with Sales Partners

As an R&D-oriented organization, the Group has a policy of supplying products and expanding sales through its partners. The Company maintains good relationships with its sales partners. However, in the event that the Group's sales partners change their business strategies, switch to other companies' products, or for some other reason do not maintain good relationships and terminate their distributorship agreements, the Group will be forced to bear the financial or time burden of supporting users in areas far from its sales bases, which may affect the Company's business results. In this case, the Company may incur financial or time-related burdens related to support for users in areas far from its sales offices, which may affect its business performance.

(7) Intellectual Property Rights

The Group strives to protect its independently developed logic, products, etc. by acquiring intellectual property rights, such as patent rights, in Japan and overseas. However, there is a possibility that these rights may be challenged, invalidated, or circumvented by third parties, and competitive advantage is not guaranteed by these patent rights, etc.

At this point in time, the Group has not confirmed that any invalidity claims have been filed against its patents, or that any other intellectual property rights such as patents, trademarks, or copyrights that would affect its business activities have been obtained by any other organization. However, due to significant technological innovation in software, there is a possibility that the Group's software may inadvertently infringe on the intellectual property rights of a third party, or that a patent right not recognized by the Group may have been granted, and that the third party may file a suit for damages or injunction against the use of the software, claiming infringement of its intellectual property rights, or seek monetary compensation for such a suit. In such cases, there is a possibility that the Group may be sued for damages, injunction of use, etc., and may be forced to bear the financial burden of such lawsuits, which may affect the business performance of itself.

(8) Impact of Infectious Diseases

Infectious disease outbreaks can have a significant impact on the operations of medical institutions, which are our key customers. If the situation worsens significantly, it could lead to prolonged or postponed system implementations in these institutions, potentially affecting the performance of the Group.

4 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition, Operating Results and Cash Flows

(1) Business Overview of the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2023

In the domestic medical industry, where the Group primarily operates, changes to the insurance systems for reimbursing medical treatment fees, nursing care fees, and disability welfare service fees are slated to take effect from April 2024 in what is known as the "triple" amendments. This has led to a growing focus on improving operational practices and re-evaluating information management in the medical field. Additionally, there are active discussions regarding the promotion of the "Medical DX (Digital Transformation) Reiwa Vision 2030" proposed by the government, including the "establishment of a national medical information platform", "standardization of electronic medical records", and "digitalization of medical fee revision".

Furthermore, the business environment surrounding the Group had undergone significant changes due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Those changes had also influenced the approach to software investments in the healthcare industry. Among the large hospitals, there has been an increasing recognition that digitalization is essential not only for streamlining internal operations but also for enhancing accessibility and quality of healthcare services within the community, including collaborations with other hospitals, pharmacies, and caregiving institutions. Simultaneously, there is a growing willingness to invest in advanced solutions for supporting medical practices, which improve the working conditions of physicians and healthcare professionals, as well as platforms that enable direct electronic communications with patients.

In response to these industry trends and on-site needs, the Group is actively engaged in the sales expansion of existing products and the development and implementation of new services utilizing cloud-based technology.

Also, we are beefing up our sustainability initiatives. We actively participate in initiatives related to climate change, such as endorsing the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), joining the Japan Climate Initiative (JCI), and responding to questionnaires from the Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) regarding climate change initiatives both domestically and internationally. Additionally, to achieve an increase in the ratio of female managers, we have formulated an action plan in accordance with the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace, and implemented various measures such as consulting on career plans and providing trainings. From April 2023, we have been implementing measures to improve the working environment, including reducing regular working hours and establishing a full remote work system for employees residing in distant domestic locations or overseas. These efforts aim to enhance the quality of work-life for our employees. Moreover, we have also publicly announced the "My Jinken Declaration," promoted by the Ministry of Justice, also have registered as a supporter for the "barrier-free of mind" project led by Tokyo Metropolitan Government, implementing various multi-faceted initiatives to promote sustainable management. We are committed to fulfilling our social responsibility as a company meeting the needs of society by providing innovative solutions, and supporting healthcare and the well-being of individuals, thus contributing to the development of new social infrastructure.

The consolidated financial results for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows.

(JPY in thousands)

	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023	Change (amount)	Change (%)	FY2023 achievement rate
Net sales	4,541,242	5,191,735	650,493	14.3%	102.5%
Operating profit	1,028,522	1,496,570	468,047	45.5%	114.0%
Recurring profit	1,055,708	1,527,453	471,745	44.7%	114.8%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	722,779	1,059,140	336,361	46.5%	114.7%

Regarding the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, consolidated net sales were \$5,191,735 thousand (+14.3% YoY), operating profit was \$1,496,570 thousand (+45.5%), recurring profit was \$1,527,453 thousand (+44.7%), and profit attributable to owners of the parent was \$1,059,140 thousand (+46.5%). Due in large part to the strong performance of our Medical Business segment, both sales and profits exceeded the performance of the same period last year.

Consolidated results by the reportable segments of the current fiscal year are as follows.

From the first quarter of the current fiscal year, we reorganized our reportable segments into the following three segments: Medical Business, Public Sector Business, and Health Tech Business. To enable year-on-year comparisons, financial results of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 have been restated under the new segments.

≪Medical Business≫

(JPY in thousands)

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022		Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023	Change (amount)	Change (%)
Net sales	4,352,187	4,935,926	583,738	13.4%
Operating profit	1,267,070	1,625,997	358,927	28.3%

Mainstay products in the Medical Business segment include the image data management software *Claio*, the progress note system *C-Note*, and the document management system *DocuMaker*. These flagship products are rated highly in large hospitals that provide advanced healthcare services and therefore command a stable share of the market. As core hospital solutions, they

play integral roles essential to the delivery of medical care. The number of *Claio* users exceeded 1,500 in November 2023, indicating a consistent growth in customer base.

Regarding the fiscal year ended December 31 2023, consolidated net sales in this segment were \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}\),935,926 thousand (+13.4% YoY) and operating profit was \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1}\),625,997 thousand (+28.3%). Implementation projects for large hospitals are progressing well, and the sales of packaged products are also performing steadily. Additionally, it is noteworthy that our consulting department, newly established in January 2023, has been performing well.

During FY2023, we have been focusing on sales of packaged products to both existing and new customers in Japan. As a result, 45 hospitals and 109 clinics newly installed, added on, or updated our solutions during this period. In November 2023, we launched *Cloud Backup Service*, enabling local hospitals and clinics to securely store and manage backup data of medical information, as well as documents that need to be kept in facilities, in a cloud storage system. As for the sale of *Claio* in India, we have continuously been in detailed discussions with Toyota Tsusho Corporation (headquartered in Aichi Prefecture, hereinafter referred to as TTC), who will be leading the marketing and sales operations, about the timing and pricing for the product launch.

Fitting Cloud Inc., a subsidiary specializing in cloud-based solutions, started initiating a collaborative research project with Kyoto University Hospital's School of Medicine to leverage AI in automating documentation tasks in medical settings in October 2023. Fitting Cloud has actively been working towards integrating the findings from this research into FINDEX products. Additionally, during the 43rd Joint Conference on Medical Informatics held in November 2023, Fitting Cloud introduced various products designed to align with the upcoming reforms in the working practices of physicians scheduled in April 2024.

≪Public Sector Business≫

(JPY in thousands)

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	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023	Change (amount)	Change (%)
Net sales	121,286	187,405	66,119	54.5%
Operating profit or loss	(33,258)	41,364	74,623	

The Public Sector Business segment was established this fiscal year.

In this segment, we mainly sell *DocuMaker Office*, an archive management and e-approval solution, to mostly government ministries and agencies, local governments, public corporations and medical institution that can leverage its powerful features. The installation of e-approval and document management solution is accelerating on the back of the central government's push for DX, which in turn is leading to a rise in enquiries about, and negotiations for, the installation of packages for government offices and also medical institutions.

Regarding the fiscal year ended December 31 2023, consolidated net sales in this segment were ¥187,405 thousand (+54.5% YoY) and operating profit was ¥41,364 thousand (versus the year-earlier operating loss of ¥33,258 thousand).

Regarding packages sold to local governments, the cumulative number of package installations has reached 26 since the service launch. In the first half of the fiscal year 2024, we have five ongoing implementations with a prefecture, independent administrative agencies, and national universities scheduled for acceptance. Focusing on building a track record for future business expansions, we are prioritizing sales activities that emphasize scale over quantity, achieving steady results. We are actively engaged in negotiations for operational projects in the latter half of the fiscal year 2024 and beyond, with proposals expected to be implemented from the first quarter of 2024 onwards. Considering that our high-level consulting skills and user-oriented, user-friendly solutions have a strong reputation, we anticipate gaining many more contracts going forward. Furthermore, by proactively pursuing collaboration with other systems, we believe there are opportunities for additional orders from existing projects in the future. A subscription business model is adopted to this service. Profit growth generated by the buildup of monthly service fees is anticipated, as the number of existing users increases in the future.

As for the packages aimed at the administrative departments at medical facilities, we have been actively expanding sales since 2022, with a primary focus on large and medium-sized hospitals, which are our existing users. Since the launch of the service, the cumulative number of installations has reached six, with five new orders secured in 2023. Additionally, three deployments are confirmed to commence by spring 2024. Furthermore, our product obtained JIIMA certification in December 2023, meeting the legal requirements for the Electronic Health Record (EHR) Scanner Storage Software Certification System. This not only enhances the existing hospital Function Evaluation (Note1) support features but also anticipates expanded sales opportunities as a solution compliant with the Electronic Bookkeeping Law.

≪Health Tech Business≫

(JPY in thousands)

				(31 1 III tilousullus)
	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023	Change (amount)	Change (%)
Net sales	69,253	68,403	(849)	(1.2)
Operating loss	(205,288)	(170,791)	34,496	_

In the Health Tech Business segment, we focused our efforts on domestic sales and on preparations of overseas sales expansion of our gaze analyzing perimeter, or *GAP* (Note2) for short. *GAP* is an affordable, groundbreaking wearable device that enhances availability by measuring a patient's visual field with a completely different approach to that of conventional examination methods. It can also contribute to the early detection of retinal diseases, such as glaucoma and other conditions that lack obvious

symptoms in the early stages. Unlike a conventional visual field examination, the product does not require the use of a dark room, thus shortening the examination time and alleviating the burden on the patient. Moreover, by promoting the use of *GAP* at facilities that conduct medical exams and health checkups, early-stage retinal disease patient data can be shared with R&D centers in Japan and overseas with the potential for it to contribute to the innovation of technology and solutions in numerous fields, including pharmaceuticals and life insurance.

Regarding the fiscal year ended December 31 2023, consolidated net sales in this segment were ¥68,403 thousand (-1.2% YoY). We recorded an operating loss of ¥170,791 thousand, versus the year-earlier operating loss of ¥205,288 thousand. Net sales slightly decreased year on year due to the impact of EMC Healthcare Co., Ltd. (headquartered in Tokyo) being removed from the scope of consolidation. On the other side, our operating loss decreased for the same reason, resulting in a smaller loss.

During the current consolidated fiscal year, we have been conducting demonstrations and sales of the products at domestic medical facilities, and stepping up sales of *GAP-screener* (Note3) to nationwide health checkup facilities in collaboration with TTC. There were 14 domestic shipments of these products in the fiscal year ended December 31 2023. In October 2023, we exhibited *GAP* and co-hosted a seminar at the "77th Annual Congress of Japan Clinical Ophthalmology" attracting considerable interest from numerous healthcare professionals. Furthermore, in November 2023, an explanation of *GAP* as a medical device was featured in a specialized ophthalmology journal, marking progress in our promotional activities.

We also continue to undertake initiatives with a view to expanding overseas. Through one of our sales distributors Rexxam Co., Ltd. (headquartered in Osaka, hereinafter referred to as Rexxam), we have started the mass-manufacturing process of the products to target shipments to the EU countries within 2023. We are also working to acquire pharmaceutical regulatory approval in India and Indonesia.

In our efforts toward international expansion, we commenced shipments to the EU, the Middle East, and some countires in North Africa through one of our sales distributors Rexxam from December 2023. In the initial batch, we shipped 46 units. Moving forward, the product, under the name "FIELDNavigator," will be sold in approximately 50 countries as an OEM product of Rexxam.

In addition, because the product can be used to detect not only visual field abnormality, but also MCI (Note4), it was adopted by the Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED) for the R&D of a screening program for slight cognitive dysfunctions, utilizing digital phenotyping of gaze point response and eyeball movements, as part of its 2021 research project for medical-engineering collaboration and implementation of artificial intelligence. We continue to pursue R&D together with Kyoto University, as we expect new medical devices will be introduced to the medical frontline over the next few years.

- (Note1) Hospital Function Evaluation: A system used to assess and evaluate the functions and quality of medical services provided by hospitals in Japan. It helps in ensuring the standardization and quality of healthcare services across various medical institutions, including general hospitals and other healthcare facilities.
- $(Note2)\ Gaze\ Analyzing\ Perimeter,\ \textit{GAP}\ (Notification\ No.\ of\ medical\ device\ manufacturing\ and\ sales\ 38B2X10003000002)$
- (Note3) Gaze Analyzing Perimeter, *GAP-screener* (Notification No. of medical device manufacturing and sales 38B2X10003000003)
- (Note4) Abbreviation for Mild Cognitive Impairment. A stage of symptoms between those of healthy individuals and those with dementia, which has not yet progressed to dementia.

(2) Financial Position

(JPY in thousands)

	FY2022	FY2023	Change (amount)
Assets (Total)	4,980,780	5,934,285	953,505
Liabilities (Total)	937,842	1,088,925	151,082
Net assets (Total)	4,042,937	4,845,360	802,422

(Assets)

Total assets amounted to \(\frac{45}{5}\),934,285 thousand, an increase of \(\frac{495}{5}\),505 thousand from the end of the previous fiscal year.

Current assets

Current assets amounted to \(\frac{4}{5}\),006,955 thousand as of FY2023 end, an increase of \(\frac{4}{878}\),652 thousand from FY2022 end, which is mainly composed of an increase of \(\frac{4}{279}\),413 thousand in cash and deposits, an increase of \(\frac{4}{88}\),453 thousand in notes receivable - trade and an increase of \(\frac{4}{460}\),145 thousand in contract assets.

(ii) Non-current assets

Non-current assets amounted to ¥927,330 thousand as of FY2023 end, an increase of ¥74,852 thousand from FY2022 end, which is mainly composed of an increase of ¥39,044 thousand in intangible assets, an increase of ¥49,840 thousand in investments and other assets, partially offset by a decrease of ¥14,032 thousand in tangible assets.

(Liabilities)

Total liabilities as of FY2023 end amounted to \(\xi\$1,088,925 thousand, an increase of \(\xi\$151,082 thousand from the end of the previous fiscal year.

(i) Current liabilities

Current liabilities amounted to ¥772,846 thousand as of FY2023 end, an increase of ¥118,843 thousand from FY2022 end, which is mainly composed of an increase of ¥103,712 thousand in income taxes payable.

(ii) Long-term liabilities

Long-term liabilities amounted to \(\frac{\pma}{3}16,078\) thousand as of FY2023 end, an increase of \(\frac{\pma}{3}2,238\) thousand from FY2022 end, which is mainly composed of an increase end of \(\frac{\pma}{4}46,338\) thousand of provision for share awards.

(Net assets)

Net assets amounted to \(\frac{\pma}{4}\),845,360 thousand as of FY2023 end, an increase of \(\frac{\pma}{8}\)802,422 thousand from FY2022 end. This was primarily due to an increase of \(\frac{\pma}{7}\)84,967 thousand in retained earnings.

(3) Cash Flows

(JPY in thousands)

	FY2022	FY2023	Change (amount)
Cash flows from operating activities	693,848	842,844	148,995
Cash flows from investing activities	(230,160)	(296,937)	(66,776)
Cash flows from financing activities	(142,020)	(270,494)	(128,473)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	321,668	275,413	(46,255)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the fiscal year	2,045,974	2,287,747	241,772
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents resulting from exclusion of subsidiaries from consolidation	(79,895)	_	79,895
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year	2,287,747	2,563,160	275,413

Cash and cash equivalents (hereafter "cash") as of FY2023 end amounted to \(\frac{4}{2}\),563,160 thousand, an increase of \(\frac{4}{275}\),413 thousand from FY2022 end (up 12.0%). Cash flows from each activity and their significant components are as follows:

(Cash flows from operating activities)

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to \\displays42,844 thousand, an increase of \\displays48,995 thousand compared to FY2022. This is mainly attributable to \\displays41,524,453 thousand of income before income taxes, and \\displays62,845 thousand of increase in trade receivables.

(Cash flows from investing activities)

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \(\frac{\pman}{2}\)296,937 thousand, an increase of \(\frac{\pman}{4}\)66,776 thousand compared to \(\frac{\pman}{2}\)222. This is mainly attributable to \(\frac{\pman}{2}\)254,278 thousand of acquisition payment for intangible assets (mainly software for sales).

(Cash flows from financing activities)

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to \$270,494 thousand (The dividend payment for the previous consolidated fiscal year was \$232,020 thousand). In the previous consolidated fiscal year, our former subsidiary EMC Healthcare Co., Ltd. secured short-term borrowings of \$100,000 thousand.

(4) Information Related to Capital Resources and Liquidity of Funds

With regard to the Company's financial resources for capital and liquidity of funds, its basic policy is to secure stable sources of liquidity and funds necessary for its business operations.

The main demand for funds is for personnel expenses related to research and development, as well as operating expenses such as selling, general and administrative expenses.

In principle, working capital is provided by cash flows from operating activities, but the Company's policy is to use direct and indirect financing as circumstances require.

(i) Interest-bearing debt

Not applicable.

(ii) Commitment Line

The Company has not established commitment lines of credit with correspondent banks.

(5) Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions used in Making such Estimates

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan. Significant accounting estimates used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and the assumptions used in making such estimates are described in "V. Financial Information, 1. Consolidated Financial Statements, (1) Consolidated Financial Statements, Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Significant Accounting Estimates".

(6) Management Policies and Strategies, Objective Indicators for Judging the Achievement of Management Objectives

The Company considers the ratio of ordinary income to net sales as a key management indicator for growth and profitability, and return on equity (ROE) as a key indicator for capital efficiency, and its goal is to improve and enhance these indicators.

The management of the Company strives to maximize corporate value by formulating the best management policies based on the current business environment and available information.

Based on the Company's corporate philosophy of "enriching society with technologies and creation," it will continue to ensure the efficiency, soundness, and transparency of its management, maximize its business capital, and strive to become a company that is highly trusted and appreciated by its shareholders, customers, and society at large.

(7) Production, Orders and Sales

(i) Production

The results of production by segments for FY2023 are as follows:

Segments	Production (JPY in thousands)	YoY change (%)
Medical Business	1,411,824	107.8
Public Sector Business	73,155	114.7
Health Tech Business	150,086	92.1
Total	1,635,066	106.4

(Note) Amounts are based on FY2023 total production costs.

(ii) Orders Received

The results for orders received by segments for FY2023 are as follows:

Segments	Orders received (JPY in thousands)	YoY change (%)	Order backlog (JPY in thousands)	YoY change (%)
Medical Business	3,814,842	115.2	1,679,265	158.6
Public Sector Business	197,551	204.4	96,224	305.6
Health Tech Business	58,643	48.8	13,918	58.9
Total	4,071,037	115.3	1,789,408	160.7

(iii) Sales results

The table below shows sales results by segments for FY2023 are as follows:

Segments	Sales (JPY in thousands)	YoY change (%)
Medical Business	4,935,926	113.4
Public Sector Business	187,405	154.5
Health Tech Business	68,403	98.8
Total	5,191,735	114.3

5 Important Management Contracts

N/A

6 Research and Development Activities

≪ Medical Business ≫

(1) Basic Policy on Research and Development Activities

In this segment, the Company enhances its corporate value as an R&D-oriented company specializing in hospital information systems and medical network solutions, and research and develop innovative technologies that will become the next-generation medical information infrastructure while responding quickly and accurately to the needs of the market. The core of its product development is the knowledge of medical information technology that the Company has accumulated tup to today, as well as highly challenging research that is difficult for other companies to follow. Its basic policy is to pursue this and conduct research that will become part of the foundation for realizing a healthy and safe society through medical care.

In addition, this segment is concurrently conducting R&D on product functions for public document management and authorization systems for municipalities, public companies, and external organizations of ministries and agencies. The Company's basic policy is to research and develop enduring technologies, bearing in mind that such R&D forms part of the social infrastructure, as in the medical industry, in terms of providing safe and stable services at public organizations.

(2) Research and Development Organizational Structure and its Management System

In this segment, as of the end of FY2023, 76 staffs (26.2% of employees), including the director in charge as manager, are involved in research and development. In medical system development, the Consulting Department and other departments work with many stakeholders to formulate research themes based on the direction of medical policy and technological innovations surrounding medical care, and to examine the products and services that will be needed in the future.

The Board of Directors discusses and decides on the selection of R&D themes, project organization, budgets, etc., and the progress of each R&D project is then reported to the Board of Directors.

(3) Research and Development Activities in FY2023

In this segment, the Company has conducted research and development to enhance the functionality of its hospital information system package products. Additionally, It has worked on research related to the implementation of products that facilitate the transition from on-premises to cloud-based solutions in large-scale hospital operations. Furthermore, It has initiated research on the implementation of medical document creation using generative AI, aiming to alleviate the workload of healthcare professionals.

≪ Public Sector Business ≫

(1) Basic Policy on Research and Development Activities

In this segment, as of the end of FY2023, 3 staffs (1.03% of employees), including the director in charge as manager, are involved in research and development. The Company has been conducting research and development on product functionalities for document management and approval systems tailored for local governments, public enterprises, and quasi-governmental agencies. From the perspective of providing safe and stable services to public facilities, its approach parallels that of the healthcare industry. With the aim of forming a part of the societal infrastructure, its research and development efforts prioritizes the exploration of sustainable technologies.

(2) Research and Development Organizational Structure and its Management System

In this segment, the Company is conducting new technology development based on the hospital document management system, the medical version of *DocuMaker*, which has received significant research and development resources in the past. The sales consulting team continuously absorbs market needs and considers research themes promptly.

The selection of research and development themes, project organization, budget, etc., are discussed and decided upon by the board of directors. Subsequently, the progress of research and development is reported to the board of directors for each project, and decisions regarding the continuation or discontinuation of research and development activities are considered and made.

(3) Research and Development Activities in FY2023

In this segment, the Company had advanced its efforts to adapt *DocuMaker Office*" as a document management and electronic approval system for large-scale organizations with a distributed configuration. It has expanded the receipt function using email and enhanced support for reference documents. Additionally, It has conducted research and development on efficient document management functions such as system enforcement and application for official seals. In large municipalities, the Company analyzed data from other systems, including masters, documents, and approval flows, to achieve seamless migration to *DocuMaker Office*.

≪ Health Tech Business ≫

(1) Basic Policy on Research and Development Activities

In this segment, as of the end of FY2023, 14 staffs (4.8% of employees) are involved in research and development, with the director in charge as the manager. The Company is focusing on R&D activities to enhance its corporate value as a healthcare service company that utilizes medical engineering, artificial intelligence, and data analysis technologies, to create new markets, to improve people's health and quality of life (QOL), and to enhance the productivity of companies and organizations.

The Company's basic policy is to conduct research on basic technologies that can be provided to the market as innovative products and services with a view to reach overseas markets, not only within the company but also with domestic and overseas

medical institutions and research organizations.

(2) Research and Development Organizational Structure and its Management System

In this segment, the R&D team is organized around the Business Strategy Office, conducting basic research in cutting-edge areas as well as developing core technologies for implementation in products. In addition to regular weekly meetings, the Company introduced a virtual office environment with constant connectivity so that meetings can be held at home or between sites in a timely manner when discussions are necessary. In addition, joint research with medical institutions is conducted and results are managed in collaboration with AMED and other organizations.

The Board of Directors discusses and decides on the selection of R&D themes, project organization, budgets, etc., and the progress of each R&D project is then reported to the Board of Directors, and the continuation or discontinuation of R&D activities is discussed and decided.

(3) Research and Development Activities in FY2023

In this segment, the Company is working to enhance the functionality of *GAP* the Gaze Analyzing Perimeter, and at the same time, it conducts research on the application of this device for the diagnosis of early dementia in collaboration with Kyoto University after obtaining the AMED budget.

As a result of the above R&D activities, a total of ¥52,898 thousand in R&D expenses of ¥32,814 thousand in the Medical Business, ¥1,459 thousand in the Public Sector Business, and ¥18,624 thousand in the Health Tech Business was recorded in FY2023.

List of Patented Technologies and Logics

	Patent holder	Registration	Country	Date of	Summary
	1 dient noider	number	Country	application	Summary
	Findex Inc.	4390222	Japan	28NOV2008	Electronic data authentication using timestamps
	Findex Inc.	5469985	Japan	06OCT2009	Data transfer between databases (optical character recognition)
	Findex Inc.	4917667	Japan	07DEC2010	Local application control via script
		6339312	Japan	28JUN2012	
	Findex Inc.	9,280,253	U.S.	03AUG2012	Application integration (launcher)
		2869195	The EU	03AUG2012	
		6080586	Japan	13FEB2013	
		9,639,970	U.S.	29MAR2013	
	D: 1 T	2024127	South Korea	29MAR2013	
	Findex Inc.	430486	India	29MAR2013	Recognition of on-screen texts (dot pattern recognition)
		11201506275X	Singapore	29MAR2013	
		MY-173006-A	Malaysia	29MAR2013	
	Findex Inc.	6660193	Japan	29JAN2016	Electronic signature management system using degraded signature handwriting images
	Findex Inc.	7246044	Japan	06MAR2019	Visual inspection system (virtual sphere)
		2020-103472	Japan	16JUN2020	
		-	PCT	27APR2021	
*	Findex Inc.	202180040186.1	China	02DEC2022	Perimeter for testing the central scotoma in subjects' visual
		21825524.8	The EU	17NOV2022	fields
		17/937,780	U.S.	04OCT2022	
		2020-141312	Japan	25AUG2020	
		-	PCT	02JUL2021	
*	Findex Inc.	21860978.2	The EU	16FEB2023	Visual detection system (determining whether the target was visible at the time of display)
		202347016224	India	10MAR2023	visione at the time of display)
		18/173,724	U.S.	23FEB2023	
		2020-184793	Japan	05NOV2020	
		-	PCT	13SEP2021	
*	Findex Inc.	21888921.0	The EU	21APR2023	Eye movement-based characteristic testing system
		202347033652	India	12MAY2023	
		18/305,325	U.S.	22APR2023	
	Findex				
*	Inc.and Ehime University	2022-007923	Japan	21JAN2022	Visual field testing device utilizing machine learning
*	Findex Inc.	2021-210070	Japan PCT	24DEC2021 08NOV2022	Visual field testing device with visual feedback functionality
				20110 12022	

^{*} As the application is currently under review, we have filled in the registration number field with the application number.

III. Information about Facilities

1 Summary of Capital Investments

There were no disposals or sales of significant facilities in FY2023.

2 Major Facilities

(1) Reporting Company

Major facilities of the Company are as follows:

As of December 31, 2023

			Book va	Number of		
Office Name (Location)	Segment		Building	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Total	Employees (persons)
Headquarters (Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo)	Medical Business Public Sector Business Health Tech Business	Sales & Development	27,812	9,368	37,181	85
Shikoku Office (Matsuyama-shi, Ehime)	Medical Business Public Sector Business Health Tech Business	General Operations and Development facilities, etc.	2,764	27,607	30,371	126
Osaka Office (Chuo-ku, Osaka)	Medical Business	Sales & Development	1,261	1,921	3,183	38
Sapporo Office (Kita-ku, Hokkaido)	Medical Business	Sales & Development	1,643	0	1,643	11
Fukuoka Office (Chuo-ku, Fukuoka)	Medical Business	Sales & Development	1,077	408	1,485	9
Naha Office (Naha-shi, Okinawa)	Medical Business	Sales				2
Kyoto Office (Nakagyo-ku, Kyoto)	Medical Business	Sales & Development	4,622	736	5,359	7
Niigata Office (Chuo-ku, Niigata)	Medical Business	Sales & Development	7,180	1,374	8,555	7

(Notes)

- 1. The headquarters office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was ¥92,384 thousand.
- 3. The Osaka office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was \(\frac{\pma}{2}\)3,866 thousand.
- 4. The Sapporo office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was \(\frac{1}{2}\)6,793 thousand.
- 5. The Fukuoka office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was ¥12,144 thousand.
- 6. The Naha office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was ¥2,847 thousand.
- 7. The Kyoto office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was \(\frac{\pma}{7}\),413 thousand.
- 8. The Niigata office is a leased property, and the rent for FY2023 was ¥7,600 thousand.

(2) Domestic Subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2023

Company Name		Office name			Book	Number of		
		(Location)	Segment	Equipment	Building	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Total	Employees (persons)
Fitti	ing Cloud Inc.	I (Nakagyo-kii	Medical Business	Administration Facility	-	1,390	1,309	5

(3) Overseas Subsidiaries

N/A

3 Planned Additions, Retirements and Other Changes of Facilities

N/A

IV. Information about Reporting Company

- 1 Company's Shares, etc.
 - (1) Total Number of Shares
 - (i) Total number of shares

Туре	Total number of authorized shares (shares)		
Common shares	78,336,000		
Total	78,336,000		

(ii) Issued shares

Туре	Number of issued shares as of the end of the fiscal year (shares) (December 31, 2023)	Number of shares issued as of the date of submission (March 28, 2024)	Name of financial instruments exchange on which securities are listed or authorized financial instruments business association to which securities are registered	Description
Common shares	26,608,800	26,608,800	Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market	Number of shares in a trading unit: 100 shares
Total	26,608,800	26,608,800	-	-

(2) Share acquisition rights

(i) Stock option plans

The 5th stock subscription rights issued based on the resolution of the Board of Directors meeting held on February 25, 2020, have expired as of March 29, 2023, due to not meeting the exercise conditions.

(ii) Shareholder rights plans

N/A

(iii) Share acquisition rights for other uses

N/A

(3) Exercise of bonds with share acquisition rights with exercise price revision clause, etc.

N/A

(4) Changes in total number of issued shares, share capital, etc

Month/date/year	Change in total	Balance of total	Change in share	Balance of share	Change in legal	Balance of legal
	number of issued	number of issued	capital	capital	capital surplus	capital surplus
	shares (shares)	shares (share)	(JPY in thousands)	(JPY in thousands)	(JPY in thousands)	(JPY in thousands)
From Jan 1, 2018 To Dec 31, 2018*	470,400	26,608,800	4,939	254,259	4,939	224,259

(Note) Increase due to the exercise of stock acquisition rights.

(5) Shareholding by shareholder category

As of December 31, 2023

	Shareholding status (100 shares per unit)								
Category	B 11	Financial	Financial instruments	Other	Foreign investors, etc.		Individuals		Shares less than one unit
	Public sector institutions				Companies, etc.	Individuals	and other	Total	(shares)
Number of shareholders (persons)	-	13	24	25	56	11	4,162	4,291	-
Number of shares held (Units)	-	77,260	6,153	1,736	31,559	84	149,243	266,035	5,300
Shareholding ratio (%)	- 1	29.04	2.31	0.65	11.87	0.03	56.10	100.00	-

⁽Notes) 1. "Financial Institutions" includes 1,544 units of the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) as trust assets under the employee incentive plan "Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP). The Company shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) are presented as treasury shares in the financial statements.

Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) are presented as treasury shares in the financial statements.

2. 8,078 units of treasury shares are included in "Individuals and Other" and 88 shares are included in "Shares less than one unit". The number of shares of treasury shares as recorded in the shareholders' register and the number of shares actually held by the Company as of the end of the fiscal year are the same as those recorded in the shareholders' register.

			Ratio of shares
Name or designation	Address	Number of shares held (shares)	held to total number of shares issued (excluding treasury shares) (%)
Teruo Aibara	Minato-ku, Tokyo	7,707,600	29.87
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2-11-3 Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,631,500	10.20
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Securities Custody Trust 0700068	3-3, Marunouchi 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	1,440,000	5.58
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Securities Custody Trust 0700067	3-3, Marunouchi 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	1,440,000	5.58
Caceis Bank/Quintet Luxembuurg Sub AC / Ucits Customers Account (Standing proxy: The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Tokyo Branch)	1-3 Place Valhubert 75013 Paris France 11-1, Nihonbashi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	1,004,600	3.89
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	8-12, Harumi 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	970,600	3.76
Ehime Bank, Ltd.	2-1 Katsuyama-cho, Matsuyama City, Ehime	967,200	3.75
The Bank of New York Mellon 140040 (Standing proxy: Settlement Sales Division, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	240 GREENWICH STREET, NEW YORK, NY 10286, U.S.A. (Shinagawa Intercity Tower A, 2-15-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo)	867,946	3.36
Keiji Takemura	Matsuyama City, Ehime Prefecture	761,000	2.95
SCBHK AC Liechtensteinische Landesbank AG (Standing proxy: MUFG Bank, Ltd.)	Staedtle 44, 9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein (7-1, Marunouchi 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo)	275,000	1.07
Total	-	18,065,446	70.01

- (Notes) 1. Of the above shares held, the number of shares related to trust activities are as follows: The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) 2,631,500 shares Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) 969,500 shares
 - 2. Although JP Morgan Asset Management Co., Ltd. and its joint holders, JP Morgan Securities plc are listed in the Large Shareholding Report made available for public inspection as of October 20, 2016 as owning the following shares as of October 14, 2016, the Company is unable to confirm the number of shares beneficially owned as of the voting rights exercise record date. Therefore, these shares are not included in the above list of major shareholders.

The contents of such large shareholding report are as follows.

_		Number of	Percentage of share	
Name	Address	shares held	certificates, etc.	
		(shares)	held (%)	
JPMorgan Asset Management	2-7-3 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	1,063,500	4.08	
(Japan) Limited.	Tokyo Building	1,005,500	4.00	
JPMorgan Securities Japan Co.,	2-7-3 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	(26,500)	(0.10)	
Ltd.	Tokyo Building	(20,300)	(0.10)	
J.P. Morgan Securities plc	London, UK E14 5JP Canary	93,900	0.36	
J.F. Morgan Securities pic	25 Bank Street, Wolfe.	93,900	0.30	

3. In a change report made available for public inspection on March 22, 2022, Baillie Gifford & Co. is listed as holding the following shares as of March15, 2022, but the Company is unable to confirm the number of shares beneficially owned as of the voting rights exercise record date. The number of shares held by Baillie Gifford & Co. is not included in the above list of major shareholders.

The contents of the change report are as follows.

Name	Address	Number of shares held (shares)	Percentage of share certificates, etc. held (%)
Baillie Gifford & Co.	1 Calton Hill, Greenside Row, Edinburgh EH1 3AN Scotland	1,293,600	4.86

(7) Voting Rights

(i) Issued shares

As of December 31, 2023

Category	Number of s	hares (shares)	Number of voting rights (units)	Description
Shares with no voting rights		-	-	-
Shares with restricted voting rights (treasury shares, etc.)		-	-	-
Shares with restricted voting rights (other)		-	-	-
Shares with full voting rights (treasury shares, etc.)	(Treasu common shares	ry shares) 807,800	-	-
Shares with full voting rights (other)	common shares	25,795,700	257,957	Standard shares of the Company with no restrictions on rights
Shares less than one unit	common shares	5,300	-	-
Total number of issued shares		26,608,800	-	-
Aggregate voting rights of all shareholders		-	257,957	-

⁽Note) Common stock in "Fully Voting Shares (Other)" includes 154,400 shares of the Company held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) as trust assets of the employee incentive plan "Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP). The Company shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) are presented as treasury shares in the financial statements.

(ii) Treasury shares, etc.

As of December 31, 2023

Name of shareholder	Address of shareholder	Number of shares held in own name (shares)			Ratio of shares held to total number of shares issued (%)
(Treasury share) Findex Inc.	7-2, Otemachi 1- chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	807,800	_	807,800	3.04
Total	-	807,800	_	807,800	3.04

(Note) In addition to the above, 154,400 shares of the Company's stock held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) are shown as treasury shares in the financial statements.

(8) Stock Ownership Plan for Directors, Other Officers and Employees

[Employee Stock Ownership Plan]

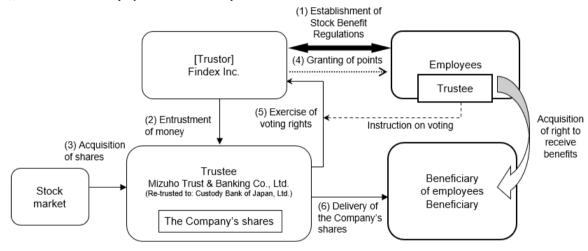
At the Board of Directors meeting held on October 29, 2015, the Company resolved to introduce an incentive plan called the "Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP)" (the "Plan"), to enhance the linkage between our share price, performance, and employee treatment, and to share economic benefits with our shareholders. This is aimed at boosting the motivation and morale of employees towards improving share price and performance. Under this Plan, employees are granted company shares purchased from the market.

This plan is a system to provide the Company's shares to the Company's employees who meet certain requirements in accordance with the Share Benefit Regulations established by the Company in advance.

The Company grants points to employees in accordance with their individual contribution levels, etc., and when they acquire the right to receive benefits under certain conditions, the Company grants them shares of the Company's shares equivalent to the points granted. The Company shall acquire the shares to be granted to employees, including those for the future, with money set up in advance in a trust, and shall manage them separately as trust assets.

It is expected that the introduction of this system increases the Company's employees' interest in improving the Company's share price and business performance and contribute to their being more motivated than ever to engage in their work.

(i) Overview of the Employee Stock Ownership Plan



- a. The Company establishes "Share Benefit Regulations" upon the introduction of this plan.
- b. The Company will place money in trust (other benefit trust) with Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (re-trusted to: Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.
- c. The trust bank acquires the Company's shares with the money entrusted to it.
- d. The Company grants "points" to employees in accordance with the Share Benefit Regulations.
- e. The trust bank exercises voting rights in accordance with instructions from the trust manager.
- f. Employees receive a benefit in the form of Company shares equivalent to the "points" accumulated by the trust bank after the acquisition of the entitlement.

(ii) Total number of shares to be granted to employees 194,200 shares

Persons eligible to receive beneficiary rights and other rights under the Plan:

Persons who have vested the right to receive property benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Share Benefit Regulations

[Restricted Stock Compensation Plan]

The Company has introduced a Restricted Stock Compensation Plan for Directors (hereinafter referred to as "the Plan") aimed at providing incentives to our directors (excluding directors who serve on audit committees, etc., and external directors) to achieve sustainable improvement in our company's value and further enhance value sharing with our shareholders.

(i) Overview of the Restricted Stock Compensation Plan

This system involves granting monetary compensation rights based on resolutions of our Board of Directors to allocate restricted stock to eligible directors, generally on an annual basis. These monetary compensation rights are then converted into tangible assets by providing them to the company, which issues or disposes of ordinary shares and holds them.

The total amount of monetary compensation rights granted to eligible directors under this system shall not exceed 100 million yen annually.

The payment amount per ordinary share issued or disposed of to eligible directors under this system is determined by the Board of Directors based on the closing price of our company's ordinary shares on the Tokyo Stock Exchange on the last business day before the date of each resolution of the Board of Directors to determine the terms of the offering of such ordinary shares (or, if no transactions are concluded on that date, the closing price on the most recent trading day before that date), provided that the amount shall not be unduly favorable to the eligible directors. The specific timing and allocation of payments to each eligible director shall be determined by the Board of Directors following deliberation by the Compensation Committee.

- (ii) The type and total number of restricted shares with transfer restrictions issued or disposed of to the eligible directors. The restricted stock with transfer restrictions issued or disposed of to the eligible directors under this system shall be common shares of the Company, and the total number of common shares issued or disposed of within one year from the date of the regular general meeting of shareholders for each fiscal year shall not exceed 100,000 shares per year.
- (iii) The scope of persons eligible to receive benefits or other rights under this system

 Directors of the Company (excluding directors who are audit committee members and external directors), executive officers who do not concurrently serve as directors of our company, and directors of our subsidiaries.

2 Acquisition and Disposal of Treasury Shares

[Class of shares]

(1) [Acquisition by Resolution of General Meeting of Shareholders]

N/A

(2) [Acquisition by Resolution of Board of Directors' Meeting]

N/A

(3) [Acquisition Not based on Resolution of General Meeting of Shareholders or Board of Directors' Meeting] N/A

(4) [Disposal of Acquired Treasury Shares and Number of Treasury Shares Held]

	FY2	2023	Current period		
Catagory	Number of	Total amount	Number of	Total amount	
Category	shares	disposed (JPY	shares	disposed (JPY	
	(shares)	in thousands)	(shares)	in thousands)	
Acquired treasury shares offered to subscribers	-	-	-	-	
Acquired treasury shares canceled	-	-	-	-	
Acquired treasury shares transferred for merger, share exchange, share delivery or company split	-	-	-	-	
Other	18,487	11,998	-	-	
Number of Treasury shares held	807,888	-	807,888	-	

(Notes)

- The number of shares held as treasury shares during the period under review does not include the number of shares purchased for shares less than one unit from March 1, 2024 to the date of submission of the Annual Securities Report.
- 2. The "Others (Disposition of treasury stock through restricted stock compensation)" for the fiscal year 2023 represents the disposition of treasury stock as restricted stock compensation conducted on May 11, 2023
- 3. In addition to the above, 154,400 shares of the Company's share held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) as trust assets of the employee incentive plan "Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP)" are shown as treasury shares in the financial statements.

3 Dividend policy

The Company intends to maximize its corporate value by establishing its position in the market through innovative product capabilities and advanced consulting skills. To achieve this, the Company's policy is to pay dividends based on a comprehensive assessment of its business performance, financial position, and achievement of its business plan, while maintaining and expanding internal reserves to continue to make necessary investments.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the Board of Directors may pay dividends from surplus in accordance with the provisions of Article 459, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. In addition to year-end and interim dividends, the Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the Company may distribute dividends from surplus by specifying a record date.

The interim dividend for FY2023 was 4.00 yen per share. The Company has also decided to pay a year-end dividend of 9.00 yen per share, taking into consideration its business performance and future business development.

Internal reserves will be effectively used to secure talented human resources and to enhance software assets for sale, which are the foundation for business growth, and the Company will strive to build a system that returns profits to shareholders over the long term.

Dividends from surplus for the current fiscal year are as follows.

Date of resolution		Total amount of dividends (JPY in thousands)	Dividend per share (JPY in thousands)
August 9, 2023	Board of Directors	103,203	4.00
March 27, 2024	Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders	232,208	9.00

4 Corporate Governance

(1) Overview of Corporate Governance

(i) Basic Policy on Corporate Governance

The Company regards corporate governance as a management governance function to maximize corporate value for stakeholders and recognizes that strengthening corporate governance is an important management responsibility.

The Company has adopted the current structure in order to establish a fair and transparent management system and internal control system in order to aggressively extend its business and increase its corporate value along with the growth of the digitalization market.

In order to respond appropriately and flexibly to changes in economic conditions and the market environment, the Company will strive to strengthen corporate governance by enhancing the functions of the Board of Directors, monitoring and supervising business execution, and further enhancing internal controls, while striving to disclose timely and appropriate information to stakeholders and respecting the rights of shareholders.

(ii) Overview of the corporate governance system and reasons for adopting the system

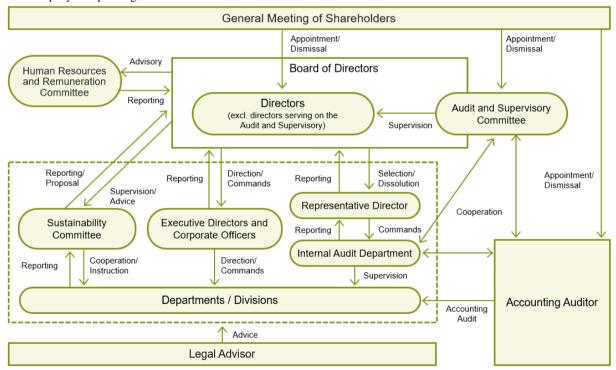
There is the Board of Directors and the Audit and Supervisory Committee within the Company. The Company's Board of Directors consists of five Directors (excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee), one of whom is an Outside Director, and three Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, two of whom are Outside Directors.

At the Board of Directors meetings, the Board of Directors confirms the progress of sales activities and budgets, examines performance forecasts and takes necessary measures, and actively discusses important management matters in order to invigorate the Board of Directors and ensure mutual checks and balances.

Audit and Supervisory Committee members fulfill their oversight function by attending meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings to express their opinions as necessary, inspecting important documents, and conducting interviews with Directors. In principle, the Audit and Supervisory Committee meets once a month to exchange information among the committee members, to further enhance the audit function, and to conduct effective audits in cooperation with the accounting auditors and the Internal Audit Office.

The Company has established the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, a voluntary committee consisting of the President and CEO and three Outside Directors (all of whom are independent Outside Directors), to deliberate on the determination of individual compensation amounts, compensation levels, and compensation systems for management and Directors. The Board of Directors makes the final policy decision respecting the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee.

The Company's corporate governance structure is as follows:



(iii) Other matters regarding corporate governance

a. System to ensure that the execution of duties by Directors and employees complies with laws and regulations and the Articles of the Company

All Directors and employees of the Company are required to perform their duties with a high sense of ethics and conscience, to comply with laws, regulations, and internal rules, and to act in a responsible manner in line with social norms. In addition, the Company has established a whistle-blowing system that allows employees to directly provide information on violations of laws, regulations, and internal rules and regulations, and is working to enhance a more substantive control system.

b. System for the storage and management of information related to the execution of duties by the Directors

The Company's Directors appropriately store and manage important information, such as minutes of general meeting of shareholders and Board of Directors' meetings, in accordance with their respective duties and internal regulations. In addition, other important information and documents related to the execution of duties by Directors are appropriately stored and managed in accordance with the Document Management Regulations and are maintained in a condition that allows access as necessary.

c. Rules and other systems concerning the management of the risk of losses

The Company manages risks within the authority granted to each department, and cross-company risks are managed by the Administration Department. The Company takes necessary measures to prevent the occurrence of risks and eliminates and mitigates business risks after investigation and deliberation. In the unlikely event of the occurrence of a risk that could have a significant impact on the company overall, a management-level risk task force chaired by the Representative Director has been established and a system is in place to ensure that a prompt and appropriate response is implemented.

d. System to ensure the efficient execution of duties by the Directors

To ensure the efficiency and appropriateness of the Board of Directors, the Company has established regulations regarding the operation of the Board of Directors. In order to better monitor, supervise, and execute business operations, the Board of Directors delegates duties to the CEO, Executive Directors, and corporate officers, and makes necessary decisions on matters to which it has delegated business execution decisions, in accordance with the organization or procedures stipulated in internal rules and regulations. In principle, the Board of Directors reviews the rules and regulations as necessary for the revision or abolition of laws and regulations and for the improvement of efficiency in the execution of duties.

e. The structure to ensure the proper conduct of business within the corporate group consisting of the Company and its subsidiary

The Company manages and operates its subsidiary in accordance with the "Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries and Affiliates of the Company". The Company's subsidiary is required to be audited by the Company's Internal Audit Department. The Company has a system in place to ensure that important matters affecting the Company and its group company is reviewed from multiple perspectives at the Executive Committee before being deliberated by the Board of Directors of the Company. As a system for reporting to the Company on the execution of duties by Directors of the subsidiary, the Company requires its subsidiary to report to the Company on a regular and ad hoc basis, including prior discussions on important matters. The Company requires its subsidiary to submit important management matters to the Board of Directors of the Company in advance in accordance with the "Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries and Affiliates of the Company". The Audit and Supervisory Committee members, either by themselves or through the Audit and Supervisory Committee, have established an appropriate system, including close cooperation with the accounting auditor and the Internal Audit Department of the Company, to monitor and audit the Company's subsidiary efficiently and appropriately.

f. Matters concerning the personnel to be appointed if requested by the Audit Committee to assist in its duties, matters related to ensuring the effectiveness of instructions from the Audit Committee to such personnel, and matters concerning the independence of such personnel from directors (excluding those who are Audit Committee members)

In the event that the Audit and Supervisory Committee assigns employees to assist it in the performance of its duties, to ensure the effectiveness of the Audit and Supervisory Committee's instructions to such employees, the employees shall not be subject to the direction or orders of directors (excluding directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) or other employees, etc. in the performance of their duties. In addition, the Company has a system in place to take necessary measures to ensure independence, such as requiring the consent of the Audit and Supervisory Committee for the transfer, evaluation, and disciplinary action of employees who provide support services.

g. A system for directors (excluding those who are audit committee members) and employees to report to the Audit

Committee, as well as other reporting mechanisms to the Audit Committee, and a system to ensure that individuals who report to the Audit Committee are not treated unfavorably as a result of their reporting

The Company's Representative Director and Executive Directors shall report at Board of Directors meetings on the execution of business operations under their responsibility as well as important matters concerning the Group at appropriate times. If any violation of laws or ordinances, etc. or any other fact that may cause material damage to the Company or the Group is discovered, the Company's Directors (excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) and employees, etc. are required to immediately report such violation to the Audit and Supervisory Committee. Directors, corporate auditors, and employees of the Company's subsidiaries are required to immediately report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee any violations of laws and regulations or other facts that may cause material damage to the Group. In addition, with regard to the status of internal control over financial reporting and accounting standards, etc., a system is maintained to enable Directors (excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) and employees to respond appropriately to requests for explanations from the Audit and Supervisory Committee. Furthermore, the Company ensures that persons who report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee are not subjected to any disadvantageous treatment in terms of personnel affairs because of such reports.

h. Other systems to ensure that audits by the Audit and Supervisory Committee are conducted effectively and Matters related to the policy for the treatment of expenses or debts incurred in the execution of duties by Audit Committee members

The Audit and Supervisory Committee participates in important meetings, conducts audits of the effectiveness of internal controls, attends internal audits, exchanges opinions with auditing firms, and listens to audit results in order to enhance its auditing activities. In the event that an Audit and Supervisory Committee member requests advance payment or reimbursement of expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, the Company will pay such expenses, unless the payment is deemed unnecessary for the Audit and Supervisory Committee member's duties.

i. System for Eliminating Antisocial Forces

The Company and its group recognize that the elimination of anti-social forces is an important management issue from the perspective of corporate social responsibility and corporate defense. The Company and its group shall reject any and all relationships, including business transactions and support, with antisocial forces. The Company shall not accept any unreasonable requests from anti-social forces and shall take resolute action in cooperation with the police and other relevant agencies in the event of interference with management activities, slander, or other damage. In addition, in order to prevent and restrain transactions with anti-social forces, the Company has defined a clause for the elimination of organized crime groups to reject any relationship with such groups, and regularly trains its Directors, officers, and employees to ensure that they are fully aware of this clause.

(iv) Status of development of risk management system

This item is same to (iii) Other matters regarding corporate governance, C. "Rules and other systems concerning the management of the risk of losses".

(v) Outline of the contents of the liability limitation agreement with the Directors (excluding those who are Executive Directors, etc.)

The Articles of Incorporation of the Company stipulate that the Company and its Directors (excluding those who are Executive Directors, etc.) may enter into an agreement to limit liability for damages due to negligence of duties in accordance with Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, and the Company has entered into such agreement. The maximum amount of such contract is the minimum liability amount stipulated by laws and regulations.

(vi) Matters relating to liability insurance contracts for Directors and Officers

The Company has concluded a Directors' and Officers' liability insurance policy with an insurance company as stipulated in Article 430-3, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. The scope of the insured under such insurance policy is the Directors of the Company, and the insured does not bear the premiums. The insurance policy is intended to cover the insured's compensation for damages and litigation costs. However, in order to ensure that the insured's performance of his/her duties is not compromised, the policy does not provide coverage for certain exclusions, such as acts committed with knowledge that the acts are in violation of laws and regulations.

(vii) Number of Directors

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the Company shall have no more than 12 Directors and no more than 6 Directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee members.

(viii) Election of Directors

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that resolutions for the election of Directors shall be adopted by a majority of the votes of shareholders present at a meeting where shareholders holding one-third or more of the voting rights of shareholders who are entitled to exercise their voting rights are present. The Articles of Incorporation also stipulate that the resolution for the election of Directors shall not be made by cumulative voting.

(ix) Decision-making body of dividends from surplus

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that matters stipulated in Article 459, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, such as dividends from surplus, may be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors, except as otherwise provided by law. The purpose of this is to ensure and return profits to shareholders in a flexible manner by making both resolutions the authority of the Board of Directors.

(x) Exemption of Directors from liability

Pursuant to Article 426, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Company stipulates in its Articles of Incorporation that Directors (including former Directors) may be exempted from liability for damages due to negligence of duties by a resolution of the Board of Directors to the extent permitted by law. The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that Directors (including former Directors) may be exempted from liability for damages for negligence of their duties by a resolution of the Board of Directors to the extent permitted by laws and regulations. The purpose of this provision is to create an environment in which Directors can fully demonstrate their abilities and fulfill their expected roles in the performance of their duties.

(xi) Requirements for special Resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the requirements for special resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders stipulated in Article 309, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act shall be met by two-thirds or more of the voting rights of shareholders present at the meeting where shareholders holding one-third or more of the voting rights of shareholders who are entitled to exercise their voting rights are present. The purpose of this provision is to facilitate smooth operation of the General Meeting of Shareholders by relaxing the quorum for special resolutions at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

(xii) Decision-making body for share buyback

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that the Company may acquire treasury shares by a resolution of the Board of Directors pursuant to Article 165, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act, in order to achieve a flexible capital policy in response to the business environment.

(xiii) Basic Policy Concerning the Control of Stock Companies

The Company recognizes that the basic policy regarding the control of stock companies is an important matter and is continuously reviewing it but has not adopted any specific policy or anti-takeover measures at this time.

(xiv) Activities of the Board of Directors

During FY2023, the Company held 22 meetings of the Board of Directors, and the attendance record for each Director is as follows:

Title	Name	Number of times attended	Attendance ratio	
President & CEO	Teruo Aibara	22	100%	
Director and Department Manager of Medical	Kohji Kondo	22	100%	
Sales Solutions Dept.	Konji Kondo	22	10070	
Director and Department Manager of	Hiroaki Hasegawa	22	100%	
Consulting Dept.	Tilloaki Hasegawa	LL	100%	
Director and Department Manager of	Riki Miyakawa	22	100%	
Software Package Development Dept.	Kiki Wiiyakawa	LL	10070	
Director	Akira Ono	22	100%	
Director	Kouji Yamauchi	22	100%	
(Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Kouji Taillaucili	22	10070	
Director	Takashi Kitada	22	100%	
(Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Takasiii Kitada	22	10070	
Director	Akira Yamada	22	100%	
(Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Akiia failiada	22	10070	

The major deliberation items of the meetings of Board of Directors for FY2023 are as follows:

- Statutory matters
- Matters related to management, business, and financial strategies
- Matters related to organizational restructuring, business allocation, and personnel changes
- Matters related to financial statements, performance, and investments
- Matters related to compliance, governance, and sustainability, etc.

During FY023, our company has held the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee meetings twice, and the attendance status for each meeting is as follows:

Title	Name	Number of times attended	Attendance ratio	
President & CEO	Teruo Aibara	2	100%	
Director	Akira Ono	2	100%	
Director	Takashi Kitada	2	100%	
(Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Takasiii Kitada	Z	100%	
Director	Akira Yamada	2	100%	
(Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	Akiia Tailiada	2	10070	

The major deliberation items of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee meetings for FY2023 are as follows:

- Policies and procedures regarding the nomination of Directors
- Policies and procedures for determining compensation and other benefits for directors (excluding audit committee members)

(2) Officers

(1) List of Officers

Eight men and zero woman (Ratio of female board members: -%)

Light inch and z	cio woman (i	catio of felli	ale board members: -%)		
Title	Name	Date of Birth	Career summary	Term of office	Number of the Company's shares held (shares)
Board member President and CEO	Teruo Aibara		April 1990 Joined Shikoku Nippon Denki Software K.K. July 1993 Joined Pioneer Shikoku K.K. (now the Company) February 1994 Director of the Company May 1994 President and CEO of the Company (to present)	(Note 3)	7,707,600
Board member Director and Department Manager of Medical Sales Solutions Dept.	Kohji Kondo	March 22, 1964	August 1984 Joined Suncherry Data Systems Co. April 2005 Joined the Company April 2007 Corporate Officer of the Company July 2008 Director of the Company (to present)	(Note 3)	123,081
Board member Director and Department Manager of Consulting Dept.	Hiroaki Hasegawa	August 5, 1968	April 1993 Joined TEIJIN Limited December 2008 Joined BML, INC. July 2009 Joined the Company April 2010 Corporate Officer of the Company December 2010 Director of the Company (to present)	(Note 3)	15,081
Board member Director and Department Manager of Software Package Development Dept.	Riki Miyakawa	July 17, 1972	April 1998 Joined NEC Corporation August 2009 Joined the Company June 2012 Corporate Officer of the Company July 2014 Corporate Officer and General Manager of System Development March 2016 Director of the Company (to present)	(Note 3)	3,081
Board member	Akira Ono	February 4, 1954	April 1980 Joined the Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry April 2005 General Manager in charge of new projects April 2007 General Manager of Business Department and New Business Promotion Department April 2010 Director of International Affairs Department and Secretary General of the APEC/SME Summit Implementation Headquarters April 2012 Director International Office April 2014 Director and Secretary General, Japan-Tokyo Federation of Commerce and Industry April 2016 Director and Secretary General, Tokyo Federation of Commerce and Industry March 2022 Director of the Company (to present) April 2023 Councilor, Tokyo Chamber of Commerce Alliance (to present)	(Notes 1, 3)	-
Board member (Audit & Supervisory Board Member)	Kouji Yamauchi	October 3, 1965	February 1995 Joined Honda Service Center Ltd. May 2008 Joined the Company July 2008 Corporate Auditor of the Company March 2016 Director of the Company (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member) (to present)	(Notes 2, 4)	-
Board member (Audit & Supervisory Board Member)	Takashi Kitada	February 24, 1956	March 1985 Registered as a Certified Public Accountant April 1998 Joined Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC July 1999 Partner, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC October 2014 Certified Public Accountant Takashi Kitada Accounting Office (to present) March 2016 Director of the Company (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member) (to present)		1,000
Board member (Audit & Supervisory Board Member)	Akira Yamada	November 4, 1963	April 1987 Joined Shinwakai Suginami Hospital June 1991 Joined Umezono Hospital (now Tama Rehabilitation Hospital) June 1993 Joined Hojo Hospital July 1999 Representative Director of Best Care K.K. December 2017 Representative Director, J-Top Inc. (to present) February 2019 Representative Director, Valupp Inc. (to present) October 2021 Director of the Company (Audit and Supervisory Board Member) (to present)	(Notes 1, 2, 4)	7 940 942
			Total		7,849,843

(Notes) 1. Akira Ono, Takashi Kitada and Akira Yamada are Outside Directors.

Akira Ono, Takashi Kitada and Akira Yamada are Outside Directors.
 The Company's Audit and Supervisory Committee is as follows:
 Chairperson: Kouji Yamauchi, Committee Member: Takashi Kitada, Committee Member: Akira Yamada

 One year from the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 27, 2024
 Two years from the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 27, 2024
 The Company has appointed one Alternate Audit and Supervisory Board Member as provided for in Article 329,
 Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act to fill a vacancy in the number of Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Board
 Members as provided for in laws and regulations. The biography of the alternate Audit and Supervisory Board Member is as follows:

Name	Date of Birth	Career summary	Term of office	Number of the Company's shares held (shares)
Takuya Ayukawa	January 17, 1992	December 2017 Registered as an attorney-at-law June 2019 Joined Sato Sogo Law Office (current position)	(Notes 6, 7)	-

^{6.} Mr. Takuya Ayukawa is an attorney at Sato Sogo Law Office and the Company has a legal advisory agreement with the Company.

7. Two years from the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 27, 2024

(ii) Outside Directors

The Company has three Outside Directors.

Mr. Akira Ono, an Outside Director, has extensive knowledge and leadership experience at the Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry (JCCI), where he served, in relation to policy requests to the government and national government in general and corporate promotion and support, in addition to his experience as the Secretary General of the Japanese Chamber of Commerce and Industry overseas twice, and his extensive knowledge of international business, including extensive support for overseas expansion of companies and international business as an officer in charge of international affairs. In light of his current position, the Company expects that he will provide appropriate advice and supervision to the management of its group from the perspectives of both governance and business promotion as its group expands its business both domestically and globally in the future. He has no special interest in the Company.

Outside Director Takashi Kitada, who is a member of the Audit and Supervisory Board, has been appointed to this position based on his extensive auditing experience as a certified public accountant and his expertise in finance and accounting, which the Company believes will contribute to further strengthening the corporate governance of itself. In the past, he was a member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC (currently Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC), the Company's accounting auditor. The Company has a business relationship with Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC in terms of payment of audit fees, etc., but the amount of such fees is minimal, accounting for less than 0.1% of the total revenue of the said auditing firm. He was engaged in auditing services of the Company by the same auditing firm until fiscal 2011, but has not been involved in any auditing services of the Company since that time. He holds 1,000 shares of the Company's stock. Other than this, there are no personal, capital, business, or other relationships of interest between the Company and Mr. Kitada.

Outside Director Akira Yamada has been appointed based on the Company's judgment that he will contribute to further strengthening the corporate governance of the Group, given his expertise based on his many years of work experience at medical institutions and his broad insight as a corporate manager in the nursing care business. He has no special interest in the Company.

Although the Company has not established criteria or policies regarding independence for the appointment of Outside Directors, the Company makes decisions regarding their appointment based on the basic concept that they must have sufficient independence to perform their duties as Outside Directors independent of the Company's management, taking into consideration their backgrounds and relationships with the Company.

(iii) Relationship between supervision or auditing by Outside Directors and internal audits, audit committee audits, and accounting audits, and relationship with the internal control division

Two of the three Outside Directors are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, and through their attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors, etc., they receive reports from the Internal Audit Department on the results of audits conducted in the previous fiscal year, audit plans for the current fiscal year, and audit progress, as well as other important matters and themes as appropriate. In addition, they regularly exchange opinions with the internal audit division and the accounting auditor, in an effort to enhance the management monitoring function in cooperation with them.

(3) Audits

(i) Audits by the Audit and Supervisory Committee

The Audit and Supervisory Committee, consisting of three Directors (including two Outside Directors) who are Audit and Supervisory Committee members, fulfills its monitoring function by attending meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings to provide necessary opinions, inspecting important documents, and conducting interviews with Directors. In addition, the committee enhances audits by auditing the effectiveness of internal control systems, attending internal audits, exchanging opinions with the accounting auditors, and hearing the results of audits.

In principle, the Audit and Supervisory Committee meets once a month to exchange information among Audit and Supervisory Committee members, to further enhance the audit function, and to conduct effective audits in cooperation with the Accounting Auditor and the Internal Audit Office.

Director Kouji Yamauchi, a member of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, has extensive auditing experience as a full-time corporate auditor of the Company and as a Director who is a full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee member. Outside Director Mr. Takashi Kitada has extensive auditing experience as a certified public accountant and has considerable expertise in finance and accounting. Mr. Akira Yamada has professional knowledge and broad insight as a manager from his long years of business experience in medical institutions.

The Company held 16 meetings of the Audit and Supervisory Committee during the fiscal year under review, and the attendance of each Audit and Supervisory Committee member is as follows:

Name	Number of times held	Number of times attended
Kouji Yamauchi	16 times	16 times
Takashi Kitada	16 times	16 times
Akira Yamada	16 times	16 times

The detailed matters considered by the Audit and Supervisory Committee are the preparation of the audit report, the audit policy and audit plan, and other matters related to the execution of duties by the Audit and Supervisory Committee members, as well as the independence of the accounting auditor, matters related to audit services, and consent to compensation and other matters as resolved by the Audit and Supervisory Committee. The key audit items for the 39th fiscal year are as follows:

- a. Decision-making process at the Board of Directors and other important meetings
- b. Status of establishment and operation of internal control systems
- c. Status of establishment and operation of corporate information disclosure system
- d. Business Report and Consolidated Financial Statements and Non-Consolidated Financial Statements
- e. Independence of the accounting auditor, audit methodology, audit quality, and appropriateness of audit results

In addition, as activities of full-time Audit and Supervisory Board Members, based on their characteristics, they closely cooperate with the accounting auditors and the Internal Audit Office, actively strive to improve the audit environment and collect internal information, monitor and verify the status of establishment and operation of internal control systems on a daily basis, and share information and communicate with the part-time Outside Audit and Supervisory Board Members.

(ii) Internal audit

In order to strengthen the compliance system, the Company has established an Internal Audit Office under the direct control of the President and CEO and assigns one person as the head of the Internal Audit Office and another person in charge of auditing from other departments according to the content of the audit. The Internal Audit Office manager and the person in charge of auditing conduct audits of all departments from the perspective of whether business operations are being conducted efficiently in accordance with laws and regulations and the rules established by the Company, and whether internal controls are functioning effectively. Audit results are reported to the President and CEO, and recommendations and advice are given to improve business activities and ensure appropriate management. Audit results are reported to the Board of Directors meeting, Audit and Supervisory Committee and the accounting auditor, and advice is obtained from those organizations, which determines the matters to be checked intensively at the next audit, and other matters are determined in cooperation with those organizations as necessary to conduct more effective audits.

(iii) Accounting audits

a. Name of audit firm

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

b. Years of continuous auditing

19 years

 c. Certified public accountants who executed the audit duties Akio Nakahara

Keita Ochi

d. Composition of assistants for audit engagement

Seven certified public accountants and three others

e. Policy and reasons for appointing audit firm

As a policy for deciding on the dismissal or non-reappointment of the accounting auditor, the Audit and Supervisory Committee will decide the content of the proposal for the dismissal or non-reappointment of the accounting auditor to be submitted to the General Meeting of Shareholders when it determines that such action is necessary, such as when there is a problem with the accounting auditor's performance of its duties.

In the event that the accounting auditor is deemed to fall under any of the items of Article 340, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the accounting auditor shall be dismissed with the unanimous consent of the Audit and Supervisory Committee members. In this case, the Audit and Supervisory Committee member selected by the Audit and Supervisory Committee will report the dismissal of the accounting auditor and the reason for the dismissal at the first general meeting of shareholders convened after the dismissal.

f. Evaluation of the Audit Firm by the Audit and Supervisory Committee

The Company's Audit and Supervisory Committee evaluates the audit firm.

The Audit and Supervisory Committee collected information from the Company's finance and accounting department, internal audit department, and the accounting auditor itself regarding the independence of the accounting auditor, the audit system, and the status and quality of audits, and found the independence of the accounting auditor and the auditing methods and results to be appropriate. In addition, based on the policy for determining the dismissal or non-reappointment of the accounting auditor and other evaluation criteria, the Company evaluated that an appropriate audit can be expected to continue, and determined that it is appropriate to reappoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC.

(iv) Details of audit fees, etc.

a. Audit fees paid to auditing certified public accountants, etc.

	FY2022		FY2023		
Category	Fees for audit certification services (JPY in thousands)	Fees for non-audit services (JPY in thousands)	Fees for audit certification services (JPY in thousands)	Fees for non-audit services (JPY in thousands)	
Reporting company	27,000	-	27,000	1	
Consolidated subsidiaries	-	-	-	1	
Total	27,000	-	27,000	-	

Remuneration based on audit certification services in the previous consolidated fiscal year includes an amount of 1,500 thousand yen of additional remuneration.

b. Audit fees paid to the same network (Deloitte) to which certified public accountants, etc. belong (excluding fees specified in a. above)

	FY2022		FY2023		
Category	Fees for audit certification services (JPY in thousands)	Fees for non-audit services (JPY in thousands)	Fees for audit certification services (JPY in thousands)	Fees for non-audit services (JPY in thousands)	
Reporting company	-	1,920	-	1,920	
Consolidated subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	1,920	-	1,920	

Non-audit services for the Company include tax return review services for Deloitte Tohmatsu Tax Co, which belongs to the same network as the Company's certified public accountants.

c. Other important information on audit fees, etc.

N/A

d. Policy on determination of audit fees

The number of audit days, the nature of the audit, and the size of the Company are comprehensively taken into consideration when determining the audit fee.

e. Reasons for the Audit and Supervisory Committee's consent to fees, etc. for the accounting auditor

The Audit Committee considered the appropriateness and reasonableness of the content of the results of the audit by the

accounting auditor, the performance of the duties of the accounting audit, and the basis for the calculation of the remuneration estimate, and as a result, decided to consent to the amount of remuneration, etc. paid to the accounting auditor.

- (4) Remuneration, etc. of Officers
 - (i) Matters concerning the policy regarding the determination of the amount of remuneration, etc. for officers or the method for calculation thereof

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on February 10, 2021, the Company adopted a resolution on the policy for determining the details of individual remuneration, etc. of Directors (Excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee. Furthermore, at the Board of Directors meeting held on February 13, 2023, certain revisions were resolved.

Regarding the individual compensation of directors for the current fiscal year, it is determined in accordance with the "Policy for Determining Director Remuneration". The Board of Directors consults with the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee for the initial proposal, considers the committee's recommendations, and makes decisions at the Board of Directors' meetings.

The decision policy regarding the individual director's remuneration is as follows:

a. Basic Policy

The Company's basic policy is to link the remuneration of Directors to shareholders' profits so that it can function as an incentive to continuously increase corporate value, and to set the remuneration of Individual Directors at an appropriate level based on their respective responsibilities.

Specifically, the remuneration for Executive Directors shall consist of base remuneration as fixed remuneration and share-based remuneration, while outside directors and directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, who are responsible for the supervisory function, shall be paid only base remuneration in consideration of their duties.

b. Policy regarding the determination of the amount of remuneration, etc. for each Director for basic remuneration (monetary remuneration) (including policy regarding the determination of the timing or conditions of granting remuneration, etc.)

The basic remuneration of the Company's Directors shall be a fixed monthly amount, which shall be determined by the Board of Directors based on the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, taking into consideration the Company's performance, position, responsibilities, and years in office, among other factors.

However, the remuneration of Directors who are members of the Audit and supervisory Committee shall be determined by consultation among the Directors who are members of the Audit and supervisory Committee.

The basic remuneration shall be a fixed remuneration as compensation for "fulfillment of responsibilities" and to ensure a stable livelihood and shall be paid in cash at the end of each month, divided by 12.

The base remuneration is annually reviewed by April, and the revised base remuneration is applied from the April payment.

c. Policy for determining the details of non-monetary remuneration and the method for calculating the amount or number of non-monetary remuneration, etc.

Non-monetary compensation shall be in the form of restricted stock. In principle, restricted transferable shares shall be granted every year. The number of shares of such non-monetary compensation, etc. shall be determined by the Board of Directors based on the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, taking into consideration the Company's performance, position, responsibilities, and years in office.

d. Policy on determining the amount of monetary and non-monetary remuneration as a ratio of the amount of remuneration, etc., paid to each Director

The Human Resources and Remuneration Committee shall consider the ratio of remuneration by type of Director, based on the Company's performance level and the remuneration level benchmarked to other companies of the same type and size as the Company. The Board of Directors shall respect the report of the Personnel and Compensation Committee and determine the details of individual remuneration, etc. for each Director based on the proposed remuneration by type indicated in the said report. The Board of Directors shall determine the proportion of each type of remuneration based on the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, taking into consideration the Company's business performance, position, responsibilities, and years in office, etc. In the case of full-time Directors, in principle, monetary remuneration shall be 80% to 90% and non-monetary remuneration shall be 10% to 20%.

e. Matters concerning the determination of individual director's remuneration and other benefits

The determination of individual director's remuneration and other benefits shall be referred to the Human Resources and Compensation Committee by the Board of Directors for consultation on the draft proposal, taking into account the committee's recommendation, and decided upon by the Board of Directors.

Remuneration for Directors is limited to the total amount of remuneration determined by the General Meeting of Shareholders, with the specific amount of each individual remuneration to be determined by the Board of Directors. In order to enhance fairness and transparency, the amount, level, and system of remuneration for management and directors are deliberated by the Human Resources and Compensation Committee (chaired by the President and CEO and composed of three Independent Outside Directors), the majority of whose members are Outside Directors. The Board of Directors makes the final policy decision based on the report of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee. In addition, the remuneration of Directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee members is determined through consultation among the Directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee members.

The maximum amount of remuneration for Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members) and Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee Members is \(\frac{\pmax}{2}\)150,000 thousand and \(\frac{\pmax}{3}\)30,000 thousand per year, respectively, as resolved at the 31st Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 29, 2016. As of the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, the number of Directors excluding members of the Audit and Supervisory

Committee was six, and the number of Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee was five. In addition, at the 38th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 28, 2023, the Company passed a resolution to pay remuneration to Directors (excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee and outside directors) in an amount separate from the above remuneration limit. The amount of the monetary remuneration receivable shall be no more than ¥100,000 thousand per year. As of the conclusion of the said Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, the number of Directors excluding members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee was five, and the number of Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee was three.

(ii) Total amount of remuneration by title, total amount of remuneration, type of remuneration, and number of eligible

Directors and Officers of the reporting company

Catagory	Total amount of	Total amount of remune (JPY in the	Number of eligible	
Category	compensation (JPY in thousands)	Basic remuneration	Non-monetary remuneration	Officers (persons)
Directors (excluding Audit and Supervisory Committee members and Outside Directors)	65,012	63,750	1,262	5
Directors (Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) (excluding Outside Directors)	7,110	7,110	_	1
Outside Officers	17,004	17,004	_	3

- (Notes) 1 Amounts paid to Directors do not include employee salaries of Directors who concurrently serve as employees.
 - 2 Non-monetary compensation includes the amount of expenses recognized in the current fiscal year based on the Restricted Stock Compensation System.
 - (iii) Total amount of consolidated remuneration by Director

 Not stated as there are no persons whose total amount of consolidated remuneration is ¥ 100 million or more.
 - (iv) Employee salaries of officers concurrently serving as employees N/A

(5) Stock held

(i) Standards for and views on classification of investment shares

The Company classifies investment shares as pure investment if the investment is solely for the purpose of benefiting from changes in the value of the shares or dividends on the shares, and as non-pure investment if the purpose of holding the shares is to strengthen business ties, maintain good business relationships, or build long-term relationships of trust. When the purpose of investment is to strengthen business collaboration, maintain good business relationships, or build long-term relationships of trust, the shares are classified as investment shares for purposes other than pure investment.

- (ii) Investment shares held for purposes other than pure investment
- a. Shareholding policy, method of verification of the rationale for shareholdings, and details of verification by the Board of Directors of appropriateness of shareholdings in individual issues.

The Company holds investment shares for purposes other than pure investment when it judges that holding such shares will lead to the continuation of good business relationships and the building of long-term relationships of trust and will contribute to the enhancement of the Company's corporate value over the medium to long term. In accordance with this policy, the Company's Board of Directors examines the rationale for holding such shares at each annual meeting and reviews the holding/sale of each individual issue. The rationale for holding each share is verified by qualitatively examining the purpose of holding the share, as well as quantitatively examining the benefits of holding the share, such as trading conditions, share price, and dividend amount, to determine if the cost of capital is commensurate with the benefits. Quantitative holding effects for each individual share are not described as they are related to the Company's trade secrets and confidentiality obligations.

b. Number of issues and balance sheet amount

	Number of issues (issues)	Total carrying amount (JPY in thousands)
Unlisted shares	2	199,130
Shares other than unlisted shares	-	-

[Issues whose number of shares increased in the fiscal year 2023]

des whose nameer of shares mercased in the fiscal year 2025]				
	Number of issues (issues)	Total acquisition price related to the increase in the number of shares (JPY in thousands)	Reason for the increase in the number of shares	
Unlisted shares	1	150,180	Conversion from SAFE investment to equity	
Shares other than unlisted shares	-	-	-	

[Shares whose number of shares decreased in the fiscal year 2023] N/A

c. Information on the number of shares for each specified investment stock and deemed holding stock, carrying amount on t	the
balance sheet, etc Deemed shareholdings	
N/A	

(iii) Investment shares held for pure investment purposes N/A

V. Financial Information

1. Basis for Preparation of Consolidated and Non-consolidated Financial Statements

- (1) The consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements" (Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance No. 28 of 1976).
- (2) The Company's non-consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Concerning Terms, Forms and Preparation Method of Financial Statements" (Ministry of Finance Ordinance No. 59 of 1963, hereinafter referred to as "Regulations for Financial Statements").

The Company falls under a special company submitting financial statements and prepares its financial statements pursuant to the provision of Article 127 of the Regulation on Financial Statements.

2. Audit Certificate

The Company's consolidated and non-consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year (January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023) have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC in accordance with the provisions of Article 193-2, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

3. Special Measures to Ensure the Appropriateness of Consolidated Financial Statements, etc.

The Company makes special measures to ensure the appropriateness of its consolidated financial statements. Specifically, the Company joins the Financial Accounting Standards Foundation (FASF) for the purpose of properly understanding the content of accounting standards, or accurately responding to changes in accounting standards. In addition, the Company participates in seminars on accounting standards held by auditing firms.

1 Consolidated Financial Statements, etc.

- (1) [Consolidated Financial Statements]
 - (i) [Consolidated Balance Sheets]

	As of December 31, 2022	As of December 31, 2023
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and deposits	2,413,747	2,693,160
Notes receivable - trade	32,380	120,834
Accounts receivable - trade	1,052,240	1,066,487
Contract assets	276,637	736,783
Merchandise and finished goods	165,417	216,844
Work in process	3,975	3,967
Raw materials and supplies	146,612	118,376
Other	37,291	50,502
Total current assets	4,128,302	5,006,955
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Tangible assets		
Buildings	85,899	69,065
Accumulated depreciation	(35,189)	(22,702)
Buildings, net	50,709	46,363
Other	181,573	176,258
Accumulated depreciation	(128,995)	(133,366)
Others, net	52,578	42,891
Total tangible assets	103,287	89,255
Intangible assets		
Software	251,005	290,050
Other	344	344
Total intangible assets	251,349	290,394
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	56,700	199,130
Leasehold deposits	158,234	163,574
Deferred tax assets	139,836	174,643
Other	143,068	10,332
Total Investments and other assets	497,839	547,680
Total non-current assets	852,477	927,330
TOTAL ASSETS	4,980,780	5,934,285
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable - trade	81,209	39,379
Accounts payable - other	142,630	99,701
Income taxes payable	227,529	331,241
Other	*202,633	*302,524
Total current liabilities	654,002	772,846
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Provision for share awards	186,787	233,125
Other	*97,052	*82,952
Total non-current liabilities	283,839	316,078
TOTAL LIABILITIES	937,842	1,088,925
NET ASSETS		
Shareholders' equity	22122	0.5.4.0.5
Share capital	254,259	254,259
Capital surplus	224,259	224,259
Retained earnings	4,372,694	5,157,662
Treasury shares	(812,506)	(791,956)
Total shareholders' equity	4,038,706	4,844,223
Accumulated other comprehensive income		/F 20 C
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		(5,386
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	-	(5,386)
Non-controlling interests	4,230	6,522
TOTAL NET ASSETS	4,042,937	4,845,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES and NET ASSETS	4,980,780	5,934,285

(ii) [Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income] [Consolidated Statements of Income]

	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023
Net sales	*1 4,541,242	*1 5,191,735
Cost of sales	*2 1,818,396	*2 1,862,259
Gross profit	2,722,846	3,329,476
Selling, general and administrative expenses	*3,*4 1,694,323	*3,*4 1,832,906
Operating profit	1,028,522	1,496,570
Non-operating income		
Interest income	47	72
Foreign exchange gains	16,896	16,869
Subsidy income	7,671	11,740
Royalty income	1,390	1,660
Other	1,627	540
Total non-operating income	27,633	30,883
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	448	-
Total non-operating expenses	448	-
Recurring profit	1,055,708	1,527,453
Extraordinary income		
Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights	*5 4,743	-
Insurance claim income	-	19,000
Total extraordinary income	4,743	19,000
Extraordinary losses		
Compensation for damage	-	*6 22,000
Total extraordinary losses	-	22,000
Profit before income taxes	1,060,451	1,524,453
Income taxes - current	371,708	495,465
Income taxes - deferred	(35,497)	(32,443)
Total income taxes	336,210	463,022
Profit	724,240	1,061,431
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	1,461	2,291
Profit attributable to owners of parent	722,779	1,059,140

	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023
Profit	724,240	1,061,431
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	-	(5,386)
Total other comprehensive income	-	* (5,386)
Comprehensive income	724,240	1,056,045
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	722,779	1,053,753
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1,461	2,291

(iii) [Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity] Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 (From January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

(JPY in thousands)

		Sh	areholders 'equ	ity		Share	Noncontrolling	Total net assets
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	acquisition rights	interests	
Balance at beginning of period	254,259	224,259	3,844,949	(818,446)	3,505,021	4,743	2,769	3,512,533
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			23,175		23,175			23,175
Restated balance	254,259	224,259	3,868,124	(818,446)	3,528,196	4,743	2,769	3,535,708
Changes during period								
Dividends of surplus			(232,041)		(232,041)			(232,041)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			722,779		722,779			722,779
Disposal of treasury shares				5,940	5,940			5,940
Change in scope of consolidation			13,832		13,832			13,832
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity						(4,743)	1,461	(3,281)
Total changes during period	-	-	504,569	5,940	510,509	(4,743)	1,461	507,228
Balance at the end of period	254,259	224,259	4,372,694	(812,506)	4,038,706	-	4,230	4,042,937

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 (From January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

	Shareholders' equity			Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Share capital	Share capital	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	other	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	254,259	224,259	4,372,694	(812,506)	4,038,706	-	-	4,230	4,042,937
Changes during period									
Dividends of surplus			(270,789)		(270,789)				(270,789)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			1,059,140		1,059,140				1,059,140
Disposal of treasury shares			(3,383)	20,549	17,166				17,166
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity						(5,386)	(5,386)	2,291	(3,094)
Total changes during period	-	-	784,967	20,549	805,517	(5,386)	(5,386)	2,291	802,422
Balance at end of period	254,259	224,259	5,157,662	(791,956)	4,844,223	(5,386)	(5,386)	6,522	4,845,360

	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022	Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income taxes	1,060,451	1,524,453
Depreciation	61,855	45,181
Amortization of software	193,105	212,564
Share-based payment expenses	-	2,525
Increase (decrease) in provision for share awards	29,077	51,507
Interest and dividend income	(47)	(73)
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	(16,896)	(16,869)
Subsidy income	(7,671)	(11,740)
Insurance claim income	-	(19,000)
Compensation for damage	-	22,000
Interest expenses on borrowings and bonds	448	-
Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights	(4,743)	-
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(107,514)	(562,845)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(41,263)	(23,182)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	(143,221)	(41,829)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - other	49,550	(38,410)
Other, net	(73,354)	97,137
Subtotal	999,775	1,241,418
Interest and dividends received	25	28
Subsidies received	64,220	-
Proceeds from insurance income	-	19,000
Interest paid	(448)	-
Compensation paid for damage	· · ·	(22,000)
Income taxes paid	(369,723)	(395,602)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	693,848	842,844
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments into time deposits	(156,000)	(160,000)
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	156,000	156,000
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(72,767)	(28,697)
Purchase of intangible assets	(240,633)	(254,278)
Payments of leasehold deposits	(1,280)	(10,213)
Proceeds from refund of leasehold deposits	83,372	277
Other, net	1,148	(23)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(230,160)	(296,937)
Cash flows from financing activities	() /	() /
Cash flows from financing activities	100,000	_
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(10,000)	-
Dividends paid	(232,020)	(270,494)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(142,020)	(270,494)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	321,668	275,413
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,045,974	2,287,747
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents resulting from	2,043,7/4	2,201,141
exclusion of subsidiaries from consolidation	(79,895)	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	* 2,287,747	* 2,563,160

[Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements]

[Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements]

1. Disclosure of scope of consolidation

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 1

Name of the consolidated subsidiary: Fitting Cloud Inc.

2. Disclosure about application of the equity method

Number of affiliates accounted for using the equity method: 1 Name of the equity-method affiliate: EMC Healthcare Co., Ltd.

3. Disclosure about fiscal year of consolidated subsidiaries

The fiscal year end of the consolidated subsidiary, Fitting Cloud Inc. is March 31.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared based on the provisional settlement of accounts as of the consolidated balance sheet date.

4. Disclosure of Accounting Policies

(1) Valuation standards and methods for significant assets

(i) Securities

Other securities

Non-marketable securities, etc.

Stated at cost determined by the moving-average method.

(ii) Inventories

Merchandise and finished goods, goods in progress, raw materials

Stated at cost determined by the specific identification method (the amount stated in the balance sheet is calculated by writing down the book value based on any decline in profitability).

Supplies

Last purchase price method (the amount on the balance sheet is calculated by writing down the book value based on any decline in profitability).

(2) Depreciation method for significant depreciable assets

(i) Tangible assets (excluding lease assets)

The declining-balance method is used. However, the straight-line method is used for buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016. The useful lives of major depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings: 8-18 years Vehicles: 2- 6 years Tools, furniture and fixtures: 2-15 years

(ii) Intangible assets (excluding lease assets)

Software for sale

The larger of the amortized amount based on the estimated sales volume or the equally allocated amount based on the expected sales period (within 2 years) is recorded.

Software for internal use

The straight-line method is used based on the estimated useful life (5 years) within the Company.

(3) Accounting policy for significant reserves

Provision for share awards

To provide for the payment of Company shares to employees in accordance with stock benefit regulations, the Company records an amount based on the estimated amount of stock benefit obligations as of the end of the current fiscal year.

(4) Accounting policies for significant revenues and expenses

The main performance obligations in the Group's main businesses related to revenue from contracts with customers and the usual time at which these performance obligations are satisfied (the usual time at which revenue is recognized) are as follows.

(i) Software

These transactions are related to the sale of self-developed software, including medical solutions such as *Claio* the data management software and *DocuMaker* the document management system, and *DocuMaker Office* the document management system mainly targeting municipalities and public corporations. With respect to software, the Company believes that performance obligations are fulfilled in accordance with the progress of system implementation. Therefore, except for contracts with very short terms, the Company estimates the degree of completion of performance obligations and recognizes revenue over a certain period based on the degree of completion. The percentage-of-completion estimate is based on the actual percentage of the estimated total cost incurred (input method).

For contracts with very short durations, revenue is recognized at one point in time on the date of acceptance.

(ii) Hardware

These transactions are related to sales of commercial hardware products such as servers and PCs, which occur incidental to the sale of the Group's product, software. For sales of products, revenue is recognized at the time the products are delivered to the customer.

(iii) Support

These transactions are related to maintenance services and other services that are provided on an ongoing basis after the software is newly introduced. Since the Group's products are often used by both medical institutions and local governments to manage important information, maintenance contracts are concluded with users. Under these contracts, the Group is obligated to provide services over the contract period and recognizes revenue over the service period specified in the contract because the Group believes that the customer will receive benefits as it fulfills its obligations over the service period specified in the contract.

(iv) Other

These are transactions related to entrusted development, system services and engineering. The Group sometimes undertakes entrusted development, system services and engineering utilizing its knowledge, knowhow, and experience in healthcare and medical solutions. With regard to contracted development, etc., the Company believes that performance obligations are fulfilled in accordance with the progress of the work. Therefore, except for contracts with very short durations, the Company estimates the degree of progress in satisfying performance obligations and recognizes revenue over a certain period based on the degree of progress. The percentage-of-completion estimate is based on the actual percentage of the estimated total cost incurred (input method).

For contracts with very short durations, revenue is recognized as of the date of acceptance.

(5) Scope of funds in the consolidated statements of cash flows

Cash on hand, readily available deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of acquisition that are readily convertible into cash and are exposed to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(6) Other Significant Matters to the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements Restricted Stock Compensation Plan

Under our Restricted Stock Compensation Plan, compensation provided to the Directors and Executive Officers is expensed over the relevant service period.

[Significant Accounting Estimates]

Revenue recognition using the input method based on an estimate of total cost

(1) Amount recorded in the financial statements for FY2023

(JPY in thousands)

		()
	FY2022	FY2023
Net sales based on input method	1,256,271	1,878,776
Net sales from projects in progress at the end of FY2023	251,488	669,802

(2) Information of Significant Accounting Estimates Related to the Identified Items

The Group estimates the progress of fulfilling obligations that are to be met over a certain period, except for very short-term contracts, and recognizes revenue over this period based on the estimated progress. To estimate progress, the Group use the input method, which is based on the ratio of actual costs incurred to the total estimated costs. The estimation of total costs takes into account the size and complexity of each project and is individually performed by department managers. These managers possess specialized knowledge and experience in project management, as well as system integration and linkage, and base their estimations on customer specifications.

The primary assumptions in estimating the total costs, which form the basis for revenue recognition, include the man-hours and outsourced expenses expected from development and implementation work. Given that these estimates carry a degree of uncertainty, revisions may be required in response to changes in the work's scope or the emergence of additional tasks. Such revisions could significantly affect the consolidated financial statements in the subsequent fiscal year and beyond.

[Change in accounting policy]

[Application of the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements]

The Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements (ASBJ Statement No. 31, June 17, 2021) was applied from the beginning of the current consolidated fiscal year. In accordance with the transitional provisions set forth in paragraph 27-2 of the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements, it has been decided to apply the new accounting policies prescribed by the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements prospectively. This application has no impact on the consolidated financial statements.

[Unapplied accounting standards, etc.]

- · "Accounting Standard for Income Taxes Current" (ASBJ Statement No. 27, October 28, 2022, ASBJ)
- · "Accounting Standard for Presentation of Comprehensive Income" (ASBJ Statement No. 25, October 28, 2022, ASBJ)
- "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Guidance No. 28, October 28, 2022, ASBJ)

(1) Overview

In the course of deliberations at the time of transferring the practical guidelines on tax effect accounting at the JICPA to the ASBJ, it was decided that the following two issues would be considered again after the release of ASBJ Statement No. 28 "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" etc. in February 2018. The results of the consideration are as follows.

- Classification of tax expenses (taxation on other comprehensive income)
- Tax effect on the sale of shares of subsidiaries (shares of subsidiaries or affiliates) when the group corporation taxation is applied.

(2) Expected date of application

The accounting standard will be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025.

(3) Effect of adoption of the said accounting standard, etc.

The effect of the application of the "Accounting Standard for Income Taxes-Current" and other related accounting standards on the consolidated financial statements is currently under evaluation.

[Additional information]

[Accounting Method in Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP)]

At the Board of Directors meeting held on October 29, 2015, the Company resolved to introduce the "Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP)", an incentive plan to provide employees with shares of the Company purchased from the market in order to further link the Company's stock price and performance with the treatment of employees and share the economic benefits with shareholders, thereby increasing employees' motivation and morale toward improving the share price and performance. The Company resolved to introduce an incentive plan, "Stock Benefit Trust (J-ESOP)", which provides employees with shares of the Company purchased from the market.

In connection with this introduction, Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account E) (currently Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E)) acquired 194,200 shares of the Company's shares between November 13, 2015 and November 26, 2015.

For accounting treatment of the said stock benefit trust, the gross amount method is applied to record the assets and liabilities of the trust as corporate assets and liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets, in accordance with the "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Associates Accounted for Using a Trust" (Practical Issues Task Force No. 30, March 26, 2015). The Company has adopted the gross amount method.

(Trust Account E) are presented as treasury shares in the net assets section of the consolidated balance sheets. The amount recorded at the end of FY2022 was ¥124,277 thousand and the number of shares was 161,100. The amount recorded at the end of FY2023 was ¥119,108 thousand and the number of shares was 154,400.

[Disposal of Treasury shares as Restricted Stock Compensation]

The Company completed the payment procedures on May 11, 2023, for the disposal of treasury shares as restricted stock, which was resolved at the Board of Directors meeting held on April 14, 2023.

(1) Overview

(i)	Disposal date	May 11, 2023
(ii)	Class and number of shares subject to Disposal	18,487 shares of common stock of the Company
(iii)	Disposal price	JPY 649 per share
(iv)	Total value of Disposal	JPY 11,998,063

		Directors of the Company (excluding Directors who are
	Allottees of shares and number thereof; number of	the member of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, and
		Outside Directors):
(iv)	shares to be allotted	3 Directors, 9,243 shares
		Executive Officers of the Company:
		4 Executive Officers, 9,244 shares

(2) Purpose and Reasons for Disposal

At the Board of Directors meeting held on February 13, 2023, the Company decided to introduce the Restricted Stock Compensation Plan (hereinafter the "Plan") for its Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members and Outside Directors) and Executive Officers (hereafter referred to as "Eligible Recipients"). Following this decision, a resolution to distribute treasury shares was passed at the Board of Directors meeting on April 14, 2023. The purpose of introducing the Plan is to provide incentives for the sustainable growth in corporate value and to encourage a deeper alignment of interests with our shareholders.

* Contract liabilities in the other category are as follows:

(JPY in thousands)

893,198

Contract natiffices in the other category	are as follows.	(JF I III ullousalius)
	FY2022, Consolidated	FY2023, Consolidated
	(January 1, 2022	(January 1, 2023
	to December 31, 2022)	to December 31, 2023)
Current liabilities (Other)	63,092	79,557
Non-current liabilities (Other)	40.375	38.064

[Notes to Consolidated Statements of Income]

*1 Revenue from contracts with customers

Net Sales are not broken down into revenues arising from contracts with customers and other revenues. The amount of revenue arising from contracts with customers is presented in "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Revenue Recognition), 1. Information on revenue broken down from contracts with customers".

*2 Ending inventory is the amount after devaluation of book value due to decline in profitability, and the following loss on valuation of inventories is included in cost of sales.

(JPY in thousand

valuation of inventories is included in cost of sales.	•	(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022, Consolidated (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)	FY2023, Consolidated (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)
	292	25,762
*3 Major items and amounts of selling, general and adm	inistrative expenses are as follows.	(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022, Consolidated (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)	FY2023, Consolidated (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

*4 Total research and development expenses included in general and administrative expenses and manufacturing costs for the period under review are as follows.

(JPY in thousands

802,806

period under review are as follows.		(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022, Consolidated	FY2023, Consolidated
	(January 1, 2022	(January 1, 2023
	to December 31, 2022)	to December 31, 2023)
	39	0,016 52,898

^{*5} Gain on reversal of subscription rights to shares

FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

The "Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights" recorded as extraordinary income for the previous fiscal year results from the write-back due to the expected forfeiture of stock options.

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

N/A

Salary supplement

*6 Compensation for damage

FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

N/A

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

The Company compensated for damages caused by malfunctions in its system at a client's site.

[Notes to Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income]

*Reclassification adjustments for other comprehensive income and tax effect amount		(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022, Consolidated (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)	FY2023, Consolidated (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	·	
Current period amount	_	(7,750)
Reclassification adjustments	_	_
Before tax effect	_	(7,750)
Tax effect	_	2,363
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	_	(5,386)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		(5,386)

[Notes to Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity]

FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

1. Matters concerning the class and total number of outstanding shares and the class and number of treasury shares

	Number of shares as of January 1, 2022 (shares)	Number of shares increased in FY2022 (shares)	Number of shares decreased in FY2022 (shares)	Number of shares as of December 31, 2022 (shares)
Issued shares				
Common shares	26,608,800	-	-	26,608,800
Total	26,608,800	-	-	26,608,800
Treasury shares				
Common shares (Notes 1.2)	995,175	-	7,700	987,475
Total	995,175	-	7,700	987,475

(Notes) 1. The decrease of 7,700 shares in the number of common shares of treasury shares is due to the decrease in the portion for the Stock Benefit Trust Account resulting from the retirement of employees.

2. Matters concerning share acquisition rights N/A

3. Matters related to dividends

(1) Dividends paid

(Resolution adopted)	Class of shares	Aggregate dividends (JPY in thousands)	Dividend per share (JPY)	Record date	Effective date
March 29, 2022 Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders	Common shares	154,694	6.00	December 31, 2021	March 30, 2022
August 9, 2022 Board of Directors' meeting	Common shares	77,347	3.00	June 30, 2022	September 9, 2022

(Notes)

1. The "Total amount of dividends" resolved at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on March 29, 2022 includes dividends of \(\pm\)1,012 thousand paid to the Company's shares (treasury shares) held by Custody Bank of Japan,

(2) Dividends with a record date in FY2023 but an effective date in FY2024

(Resolution adopted)	Class of shares	Aggregate dividends (JPY in thousands)	Source of dividends	Dividend per share (JPY)	Record date	Effective date
March 28, 2023 Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders	Common shares	167,585	Retained earnings	6.50	December 31, 2022	March 29, 2023

(Note) "Total amount of dividends" resolved at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on March 28, 2023 includes dividends of ¥1,047 thousand for the Company's shares (treasury shares) held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

^{2.} The number of shares of treasury shares at the beginning and end of FY2022 include 168,800 shares and 161,100 shares respectively, of the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

^{2. &}quot;Total amount of dividends" resolved by the Board of Directors on August 9, 2022 includes ¥492 thousand of dividends for the Company's shares (treasury shares) held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

. Matters concerning the class and total number of outstanding shares and the class and number of treasury shares

	Number of shares as of January 1, 2023 (shares)	Number of shares increased in FY2023 (shares)	Number of shares decreased in FY2023 (shares)	Number of shares as of December 31, 2023 (shares)
Issued shares				
Common shares	26,608,800	-	-	26,608,800
Total	26,608,800	-	-	26,608,800
Treasury shares				
Common shares (Notes 1.2)	987,475	-	25,187	962,288
Total	987,475	-	25,187	962,288

(Notes)

- 1. The decrease of 25,187 shares in the number of common shares of treasury shares is due to the issuance of 18,487 shares as restricted stock and the withdrawal of 6,700 shares from the Stock Benefit Trust Account resulting from the retirement of employees.
- 2. The number of shares of treasury shares at the beginning and end of FY2023 include 161,100 shares and 154,400 shares, respectively, of the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.
- Matters concerning share acquisition rights N/A

3. Matters related to dividends

(1) Dividends paid

(Resolution adopted)	Type of shares	Aggregate dividends (JPY in thousands)	Dividend per share (JPY)	Record date	Effective date
March 28, 2023 Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders	Common share	167,585	6.50	December 31, 2022	March 29, 2023
August 9, 2023 Board of Directors' meeting	Common share	103,203	4.00	June 30, 2023	September 9, 2023

(Notes)

- 1. "Total amount of dividends" resolved at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on March 28,2023 includes dividends of \$1,047 thousand for the Company's shares (treasury shares) held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.
- 2. "Total amount of dividends" resolved by the Board of Directors on August 9, 2023 includes ¥629 thousand of dividends for the Company's shares (treasury shares) held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

(2) Dividends with a record date in the current fiscal year but an effective date in the following fiscal year

(Resolution adopted)	Class of shares	Aggregate dividends (JPY in thousands)	dividanda	Dividend per share (JPY)	Record date	Effective date
March 27, 2024						
Ordinary	Common share	232,208	Retained	9.00	December 31,	March 28, 2024
General Meeting	Common share	232,208	earnings	9.00	2023	Water 26, 2024
of Shareholders						

(Note) "Total amount of dividends" resolved at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on March 27, 2024 includes dividends of ¥1,389 thousand for the Company's shares (treasury shares) held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

[Notes to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows]

Relationship between cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period and the amount of items shown on the consolidated balance sheets.

consolidated balance sneets		(JP i ili mousanus)
	FY2022	FY2023
	(January 1, 2022 to	(January 1, 2023 to
	December 31, 2022)	December 31, 2023)
Cash on hand and in banks	2,413,747	2,693,160
Time deposits with original maturities exceeding three months	(126,000)	(130,000)
Cash and cash equivalents	2,287,747	2,563,160

[Leases]

Operating lease transactions

Future lease payments under for non-cancelable leases

(JPY in thousands)

		()
	FY2022	FY2023
	(As of December 31, 2022)	(As of December 31, 2023)
Due within one year	149,390	138,141
Due after one year	399,892	261,751
Total	549,283	399,892

[Financial instruments]

- 1. Status of Financial Instruments
- (1) Policies for financial instruments

The Group's policy is to procure necessary working capital based on its business plan by the most appropriate method according to the nature of the funds. It is the Company's policy not to engage in derivative transactions or speculative transactions. If it becomes necessary to engage in derivative transactions in the future to avoid risks, the Company's policy is to execute such transactions after establishing rules and regulations.

(2) Description of financial instruments and their risks

Trade notes and accounts receivable are exposed to customer credit risk.

All accounts payable, which are trade payables, are due within one year. Accounts payable are exposed to liquidity risk.

- (3) Risk management system for financial instruments
 - (i) Management of credit risk (risk related to nonperformance by counterparties)

In accordance with the receivable management rules and credit management rules, the Group's administration department periodically monitors the status of business partners with respect to operating receivables, and manages due dates and outstanding balances for each business partner in cooperation with the department in charge to early identify and alleviate concerns about collection.

(ii) Management of market risk (risk of fluctuations in interest rates, etc.)

The Company avoids the risk of interest rate fluctuations by procuring funds at fixed interest rates.

- (iii) Management of liquidity risk (risk of being unable to make payments on due dates) related to fund procurement

 The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining liquidity on hand while the administrative department manages the cash flow situation on a monthly basis.
- (4) Supplementary explanation concerning fair value of financial instruments

Since variable factors are incorporated in the calculation of the fair value of financial instruments, the adoption of different assumptions may cause the relevant value to fluctuate.

2. Fair value of financial instruments

The balance sheet carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments and their differences are as follows:.

FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)

(JPY in thousands)

	Amount on Consolidated Balance Sheet	Market Value	Difference
Leasehold deposit	158,234	156,866	(1,368)
Total amount of assets	158,234	156,866	(1,368)

FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)

(JPY in thousands)

	Amount on Consolidated Balance Sheet	Market Value	Difference
Leasehold deposit	163,574	162,974	(600)
Total amount of assets	163,574	162,974	(600)

(Notes)

- *1 "Cash and deposits", "Notes receivable", "Accounts receivable", "Accounts payable", and "Income taxes payable" are omitted because they are cash and their fair value approximates their book value due to their short maturities.
- *2 Shares, etc. without market quotations are not included in the above table. The consolidated balance sheet amounts of such financial instruments are as follows. (JPY in thousands)

Category	FY2022	FY2023	
Unlisted securities	56,700	199,130	
Payments for investments in capital	133,320	10	

(Note) 1. Estimated Redemption Amount of Financial Receivables After the Consolidated Balance Sheet Date

FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)

(JPY in thousands)

(
	Due within one year	Due after one year and within five years	Due after five years and within ten years	Due after ten years	
Cash on hand and in banks	2,413,747	-	-	-	
Notes receivable	32,380	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable	1,052,240	-	-	-	
Leasehold deposits	18,571	139,663	-	-	
Total	3,516,939	139,663	-	-	

FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)

(JPY in thousands)

	Due within one year	Due after one year and within five years	Due after five years and within ten years	Due after ten years
Cash on hand and in banks	2,693,160	-	-	-
Notes receivable	120,834	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	1,066,487	-	-	_
Leasehold deposits	19,093	144,481	-	_
Total	3,899,575	144,481	-	-

(Note) 2. The expected redemption subsequent to the consolidated balance sheet date for other interest-bearing liabilities FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)

N/A

FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)

N/A

- 3. The breakdown for each level of fair value of financial instruments
 - The fair value of financial instruments is classified into the following three levels according to the observability and materiality of the inputs used to measure fair value.
 - Level 1 fair value: The fair value determined by quoted prices for the assets or liabilities in question in an active market, among the inputs related to the calculation of observable fair value.
 - Level 2 fair value: The fair value determined using observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs for the calculation of fair value. Level 3 fair value: The fair value determined using unobservable inputs for the calculation of fair value.

If multiple inputs are used that are significant to their fair value measurement, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirely in the level of the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Financial instruments other than those measured at fair value

FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)

Catalana	Market value (JPY in thousands)					
Category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Leasehold deposits	-	156,866	-	156,866		
Total	-	156,866	-	156,866		

FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)

Cottono	Market value (JPY in thousands)					
Category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Leasehold deposits	-	162,974	-	162,974		
Total	-	162,974	-	162,974		

(Note) A description of the valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurements

Leasehold deposits

The fair value of leasehold deposits is measured based on the present value of the expected collection amount discounted at the risk-free rate based on a reasonably estimated collection period, and is classified as Level 2 fair value.

[Securities]

Other securities

FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)

Unlisted securities (amount on the consolidated balance sheet: \\ \frac{456,700}{56,700} \) thousand) are not stated as they do not have market prices.

FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)

(JPY in thousands)

	Types	Consolidated balance sheet carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Difference
	(i) Stock	_	_	_
Items for which the consolidated balance sheet carrying amount exceeds the acquisition cost	(ii) Accounts Receivable	_	_	_
	(iii) Other	_	_	_
	Subtotal	_	_	_
	(i) Stock	142,430	150,180	(7,750)
Items for which the consolidated balance sheet carrying amount does not exceed the acquisition cost	(ii) Accounts Receivable	_	_	_
	(iii) Other	_		_
	Subtotal	142,430	150,180	(7,750)
Total		142,430	150,180	(7,750)

(Note) Unlisted securities (amount on the consolidated balance sheet: ¥56,700 thousand) are not stated as they do not have market prices.

[Tax effect accounting]

1. The breakdown of the main causes of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

		(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022	FY2023
	(As of December 31, 2022)	(As of December 31, 2023)
Deferred tax assets		
Accrued enterprise taxes	13,346	18,049
Depreciation and amortization	35,027	40,019
Provision for share awards	56,970	71,103
Inventory valuation loss	7,264	15,749
Tax carryforward loss	2,281	4,096
Other	26,167	26,983
Total deferred tax assets	141,056	176,001
Deferred tax liabilities		
Prepaid labor insurance premiums	(1,220)	(1,358)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(1,220)	(1,358)
Net deferred tax assets	139,836	174,643

2. Reconciliation between the effective statutory tax rate and the actual effective tax rate after the application of tax effect accounting when there is a major difference between them

FY2022 (December 31, 2022)

Notes are omitted because the difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate is less than 5/100 of the statutory tax rate.

FY2023 (December 31, 2023)

Notes are omitted because the difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate is less than 5/100 of the statutory tax rate.

[Revenue Recognition]

1. Information on disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

(JPY in thousands)

(IDSZ : 41 1 1 1

	R	īs .			
	Medical Business	Public Sector Health Tech Business Business		Total	
Timing of revenue recognition					
Revenue recognized at one point in time	1,772,833	59,332	46,007	1,878,173	
Revenue recognized over a period of time	2,577,869	61,953	23,246	2,663,069	
Revenue from contracts with customers	4,350,702	121,286	69,253	4,541,242	
Net sales to external customers	4,350,702	121,286	69,253	4,541,242	

	R	es .		
	Medical Business	Public Sector Business	Health Tech Business	Total
By Service Type				
Software	2,510,450	121,286	_	2,631,736
Hardware	285,619	_	_	285,619
Support	1,367,122	_	_	1,367,122
Other	187,510	_	69,253	256,764
Revenue from contracts with customers	4,350,702	121,286	69,253	4,541,242
Net sales to external customers	4,350,702	121,286	69,253	4,541,242

(JPY in thousands)

	R	īs .			
	Medical Business			Total	
Timing of revenue recognition					
Revenue recognized at one point in time	1,443,063	35,374	44,774	1,523,212	
Revenue recognized over a period of time	3,492,863	152,030	23,628	3,668,523	
Revenue from contracts with customers	4,935,926	187,405	68,403	5,191,735	
Net sales to external customers	4,935,926	187,405	68,403	5,191,735	

(JPY in thousands)

	R	Reportable Segments				
	Medical Business	Public Sector Business	Health Tech Business	Total		
By Service Type						
Software	2,812,278	187,405	_	2,999,684		
Hardware	316,338	_	_	316,338		
Support	1,510,039	_	_	1,510,039		
Other	297,270	_	68,403	365,674		
Revenue from contracts with customers	4,935,926	187,405	68,403	5,191,735		
Sales to external customers	4,935,926	187,405	68,403	5,191,735		

- 2. Information that forms a basis for understanding revenue from contracts with customers

 The foundational information for understanding revenue is as stated in the consolidated financial statements, "Notes to the
 Consolidated Financial Statements (Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements) 4. Disclosure of Accounting
 Policies (4) Accounting policies for significant revenues and expenses".
- 3. Information on the relation between satisfaction of performance obligations based on contracts with customers and cash flows arising from the contracts, and amount and timing of revenue that is expected to be recognized in and after FY2024 from contracts with customers that existed as of December 31, 2023
- (1) Balance of contract assets and contract liabilities

(JPY in thousands)

	FY2022	FY2023
Receivables arising from contracts with customers (beginning balance)	1,218,805	1,084,621
Receivables arising from contracts with customers (ending balance)	1,084,621	1,187,321
Contract assets (beginning balance)	38,770	276,637
Contract assets at end of period	276,637	736,783
Contract liabilities (beginning balance)	120,822	103,467
Contract liabilities at end of period	103,467	117,622

Contract assets mainly relate to the rights of the Company and its consolidated subsidiary to unbilled consideration for software and contracted development and other revenue recognized based on the stage of completion as of the balance sheet date. Contract assets are reclassified to receivables arising from contracts with customers when the Company and its subsidiary's rights to the consideration become unconditional.

In FY2023, increases in contract assets were mainly due to an increase in software and contracted development, etc. across fiscal years and large projects.

Contract liabilities primarily relate to advances received from customers for maintenance and other services with customers for which revenue is recognized over a specified period of time. Contract liabilities are reversed upon revenue recognition.

The amount of revenue recognized in FY2023 that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period was ¥57,356 thousand. There was no amount of revenue recognized from performance obligations that were satisfied (or partially satisfied) in prior periods.

(2) Transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations

The total transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation at the end of FY2023 was \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1},090,525\) thousand. The Company and its consolidated subsidiary expect to recognize revenue from these remaining performance obligations generally within five years. The Company and its consolidated subsidiary apply the practical expedient method to note the transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations and do not include in the notes contracts that are initially expected to be in effect for one year or less.

[Segment Information]

Segment information

1. Overview of reportable segments

The Group's reportable segments are components of the Group for which separate financial statements are available and which are subject to periodic review by the Board of Directors to determine the allocation of management resources and evaluate their performance.

Beginning with FY2023, the Group has revised the reporting method for the "Office System", previously classified under the "System Development", in light of its growing quantitative and qualitative significance. It is now reported as a separate reportable segment. As a result, the reportable segments have been redefined, moving from the previous two categories of "System Development" and "Health Tech" to three distinct categories: "Medical Business", "Public Sector Business", and "Health Tech Business". Furthermore, the segment information for FY2022 has been restated to reflect reportable segment classification for FY2023.

The business activities of each reportable segment are as follows.

[Medical Business]

The development and sales of medical solutions, consulting services, aggregation and analysis of medical data [Public Sector Business]

The development and sales of document management solutions

[Health Tech Business]

The development and sales of medical devices and the analysis of medical data

2. Calculation of net sales, income or loss, assets, and other items by reportable segments

The accounting treatment of the reported business segments is generally the same as that described in the "Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements".

 Information on net sales, income or losses, assets, and other items by reportable segments FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

(JPY in thousands)

	R	eportable Segmen	ts			Total amount on
	Medical Business	Public Sector Business	Health Tech Business	Total	Adjustment (Note 1)	consolidated Financial Statements (Note 2)
Net sales						
Sales to external customers	4,350,702	121,286	69,253	4,541,242	-	4,541,242
Intersegment sales or transfers	1,485	1	-	1,485	(1,485)	-
Total	4,352,187	121,286	69,253	4,542,727	(1,485)	4,541,242
Segment income (loss)	1,267,070	(33,258)	(205,288)	1,028,522	-	1,028,522
Segment assets	1,997,798	25,258	222,613	2,245,671	2,735,108	4,980,780
Other Items						
Depreciation and amortization	221,129	1,893	31,937	254,960	-	254,960
Increase in tangible and intangible assets	282,426	-	25,846	308,273	-	308,273

(Notes) 1. The adjustment amount for sales is from the elimination of inter-segment transactions.

The adjustment amount for segment assets is corporate assets not allocated to any reporting segment (primarily cash and deposits not attributable to any reporting segment of \(\xi\)2,407,533 thousand, and investment securities of \(\xi\)56,700 thousand).

2. Total segment income or losses are the same as operating income in the consolidated statements of income.

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

(JPY in thousands)

	R	eportable Segmen	its			Total amount on
	Medical Business	Public Sector Business	Health Tech Business	Total	Adjustment (cNote 1)	consolidated Financial Statements (Note 2)
Net sales Sales to external customers Intersegment sales or	4,935,926	187,405	68,403	5,191,735	-	5,191,735
transfers						
Total	4,935,926	187,405	68,403	5,191,735	-	5,191,735
Segment income (loss)	1,625,997	41,364	(170,791)	1,496,570	-	1,496,570
Segment assets	2,505,533	163,936	224,305	2,893,775	3,040,510	5,934,285
Other Items						
Depreciation and amortization	228,246	5,988	23,511	257,746	-	257,746
Increase in tangible and intangible assets	220,444	29,941	27,774	278,161	-	278,161

(Notes) 1. The adjustment amount for segment assets is corporate assets not allocated to any reporting segment (primarily cash

and deposits not attributable to any reporting segment of ¥2,670,833 thousand, and investment securities of ¥199,130 thousand).

2. Total segment income or losses are the same as operating income in the consolidated statements of income.

[Related information]

FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

1. Information by product and service

This information is omitted because the same information is disclosed in the segment information.

2. Information by geographic area

(1) Net sales

This information is omitted because sales to external customers in Japan account for more than 90% of the net sales in the consolidated statements of income.

(2) Tangible assets

The amount of tangible assets located in Japan exceeds 90% of the amount of tangible assets on the consolidated balance sheet, thus this information is omitted.

3. Information by major customers

N/A

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023)

1. Information by product and service

This information is omitted because the same information is disclosed in the segment information.

2. Information by geographic area

(1) Net sales

This information is omitted because sales to external customers in Japan account for more than 90% of the net sales in the consolidated statements of income.

(2) Tangible assets

The amount of tangible assets located in Japan exceeds 90% of the amount of tangible assets on the consolidated balance sheet, thus this information is omitted.

3. Information by major customer

N/A

Amortization of goodwill and unamortized balance by reportable segments

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FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)
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N/A

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023)

N/A

Gain recognized on negative goodwill by reportable segments

FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

N/A

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

N/A

Impairment loss on non-current assets by reportable segments

FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)

N/A

FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

[Information on related parties]
FY2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022)
N/A
FY2023 (January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)
N/A

[Per Share Information]

	FY2022 (January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022)	FY2023 (January 1, 2023, to December 31, 2023)	
Net assets per share (JPY)	157.63	188.67	
Basic earnings per share (JPY)	28.21	41.31	

- (Notes) 1. Diluted earnings per share for FY2022 are not described here because there are no issuable shares with a dilutive effect.
 - 2. Diluted earnings per share for FY2023 are not described here because there are no issuable shares.
 - 3. Earnings per share and diluted earnings per share were calculated based on the following:

	FY2022	FY2023
	(January 1, 2022,	(January 1, 2023,
	to December 31, 2022)	to December 31, 2023)
Basic earnings per share		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	722 770	1.050.140
(JPY in thousands)	722,779	1,059,140
Profit not belonging to common		
shareholders	_	_
(JPY in thousands)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent related to		
common shares	722,779	1,059,140
(JPY in thousands)		
Average number of outstanding common		
shares during the period	25,617,486	25,637,246
(shares)		
	5th series of Share Acquisition Rights	
	by resolution of the Board of	
Overview of dilutive shares that are not included	Directors meeting held on February	
in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as	25, 2020	_
they have no dilutive effects	Number of Share Acquisition Rights:	
	2,830	
	(Common shares: 283,000 shares)	

(Notes): 1. For the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share, the average number of the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account E) during FY2022 and FY2023 are 164,939 shares and 157,082 shares, respectively.

[Significant Events after Reporting Period]

5. [Consolidated annexed detailed statements]

[Schedule of bonds payable]

N/A

[Schedule of borrowings]

N/A

[Schedule of asset retirement obligations]

N/A

(2) [Other]

Quarterly financial information for FY2023

Cumulative period	Three months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2023	Nine Months ended September 30, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2023
Net sales (JPY in thousands)	1,251,802	2,249,242	3,474,339	5,191,735
Profit before income taxes (JPY in thousands)	292,219	411,372	817,017	1,524,453
Profit attributable to owners of the parent (JPY in thousands)	199,428	283,881	567,203	1,059,140
Basic earnings per share (JPY)	7.78	11.08	22.13	41.31

Accounting period	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Basic earnings per share (JPY)	7.78	3.29	11.05	19.18

2 [Non-consolidated Financial Statements, etc.]

- (1) [Non-consolidated Financial Statements]
 - (i) [Non-consolidated Balance Sheet]

(JPY	in thousand	S)
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		(31 1 iii tilousulia		
	FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)	FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and deposits	2,407,533	2,670,83		
Notes receivable - trade	32,380	120,83		
Accounts receivable - trade	*1,051,313	1,063,22		
Contract assets	276,637	736,78		
Merchandise and finished goods	165,417	216,84		
Work in process	3,975	3,96		
Raw materials and supplies	146,612	118,37		
Prepaid expenses	21,433	27,06		
Other	*15,311	*25,11		
Total current assets	4,120,615	4,983,04		
Non-current assets				
Tangible assets				
Buildings	50,709	46,36		
Vehicles and transportation equipment	218	16		
Tools, furniture and fixtures	51,588	41,41		
Total tangible assets	102,517	87,94		
Intangible assets				
Software	251,005	290,05		
Manufacturing know-how	111,000	74,00		
Other	344	34		
Total intangible assets	362,349	364,39		
Investments and other assets				
Investment securities	56,700	199,13		
Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates	7,000	7,00		
Leasehold deposits	158,234	163,57		
Long-term prepaid expenses	12,516	14,17		
Deferred tax assets	192,185	236,46		
Other	134,227	1,88		
Total investments and other assets	560,864	622,22		
Total non-current assets	1,025,731	1,074,56		
TOTAL ASSETS	5,146,346	6,057,61		

Accounts payable - other *151,882 *10 Accrued expenses 66,641 7 Income taxes payable 227,477 33 Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	
CURRENT LIABILITIES 81,209 *3 Accounts payable - other *151,882 *10 Accrued expenses 66,641 7 Income taxes payable 227,477 33 Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	3)
Accounts payable - trade 81,209 *3 Accounts payable - other *151,882 *10 Accrued expenses 66,641 7 Income taxes payable 227,477 33 Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	
Accounts payable - other *151,882 *10 Accrued expenses 66,641 7 Income taxes payable 227,477 33 Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	
Accrued expenses 66,641 7 Income taxes payable 227,477 33 Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	9,835
Income taxes payable 227,477 33 Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	,420
Accrued consumption taxes 47,156 11 Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	7,436
Advances received 62,350 7 Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	,189
Deposit received 24,205 2 Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	5,943
Other 120 Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	3,587
Total current liabilities 661,042 77 Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	5,590
Non-current liabilities 40,375 3 Long-term advances received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	_
Long-term advances received 40,375 3 Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	,002
Long-term deposits received 56,548 4 Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	
Provision for share awards 186,787 23 Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	3,064
Other 129 Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	1,807
Total non-current liabilities 283,839 31	3,125
	80
Total liabilities 944,881 1,08	5,078
	7,080
NET ASSETS	
Shareholders' equity	
Share capital 254,259 25	1,259
Capital surplus	
Capital reserve 224,259 22	1,259
Total capital surplus 224,259 22	1,259
Retained earnings	
Other retained earnings	
Unappropriated retained earnings 4,535,453 5,28	,358
Total retained earnings 4,535,453 5,28	9,358
Treasury shares (812,506) (79	,956)
	5,919
Valuation and translation adjustments	
	,386)
	,386)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·),533
	7,614

	FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)	FY20223 (As of December 31, 2023)
Net sales	*1 4,487,352	*1 5,153,469
Cost of sales	*1 1,821,643	*1 1,890,061
Gross profit	2,665,709	3,263,407
Selling, general and administrative expenses	*1,*2 1,638,122	*1,*2 1,814,464
Operating profit	1,027,587	1,448,942
Non-operating income		
Interest income	24	27
Interest on securities	*1 45	*1 45
Foreign exchange gain	16,896	16,869
Subsidy income	7,671	11,740
Other	*1 4,213	*1 3,475
Total non-operating income	28,852	32,158
Recurring profit	1,056,439	1,481,101
Extraordinary income		
Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights	*3 4,743	-
Insurance claim income	-	19,000
Total extraordinary income	4,743	19,000
Extraordinary losses		
Compensation for damage	-	*4 22,000
Total extraordinary losses	-	22,000
Profit before income taxes	1,061,182	1,478,101
Income taxes - current	368,044	491,935
Income taxes - deferred	(44,501)	(41,912)
Total income taxes	323,542	450,023
Profit	737,639	1,028,077

(iii) [Non-consolidated Statement of Changes Equity] FY2022 (From January 1, 2022 to December 31,2022)

	Shareholders' equity						
		Capital	surplus	Retained	earnings		
	Share capital	Legal capital surplus	Total capital surplus	Other retained earnings Unappropriated retained earnings	Total Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	254,259	224,259	224,259	4,006,679	4,006,679	(818,446)	3,666,751
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies				23,175	23,175		23,175
Restated balance	254,259	224,259	224,259	4,029,854	4,029,854	(818,446)	3,689,926
Changes during the period							
Dividends of surplus				(232,041)	(232,041)		(232,041)
Profit				737,639	737,639		737,639
Disposal of treasury shares						5,940	5,940
Net changes of items other than those in shareholders' equity							
Total changes during the period	-	1	-	505,598	505,598	5,940	511,538
Balance at the end of the period	254,259	224,259	224,259	4,535,453	4,535,453	(812,506)	4,201,464

	Share acquisition rights	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the period	4,743	3,671,494
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies		23,175
Restated balance	4,743	3,694,669
Changes during the period		
Dividends of surplus		(232,041)
Profit		737,639
Disposal of treasury shares		5,940
Net changes of items other than those in shareholders' equity	(4,743)	(4,743)
Total changes during the period	(4,743)	506,795
Balance at the end of the period	-	4,201,464

	Shareholders 'equity						
		Capital	surplus	Retained	earnings		
	Share capital	Legal capital surplus	Total capital surplus	Other retained earnings Unappropriated retained earnings	Total Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the period	254,259	224,259	224,259	4,535,453	4,535,453	(812,506)	4,201,464
Changes during the period							
Dividends of surplus				(270,789)	(270,789)		(270,789)
Profit				1,028,077	1,028,077		1,028,077
Disposal of treasury shares				(3,383)	(3,383)	20,549	17,166
Net changes of items other than those in shareholders' equity							
Total changes during the period	1	1	1	753,905	753,905	20,549	774,454
Balance at the end of the period	254,259	224,259	224,259	5,289,358	5,289,358	(791,956)	4,975,919

	Valuation ar		
	Net unrealized	tments Total valuation	Total net assets
	gains on	and translation	Total fiet assets
	securities	adjustments	
Balance at the beginning of the period	-	-	4,201,464
Changes during the period			
Dividends of surplus			(270,789)
Profit			1,028,077
Disposal of treasury shares			17,166
Net changes of items other than those in shareholders' equity	(5,386)	(5,386)	(5,386)
Total changes during the period	(5,386)	(5,386)	769,068
Balance at the end of the period	(5,386)	(5,386)	4,970,533

[Notes to Non-consolidated Financial Statements]

[Significant accounting policies]

1. Accounting policy for measuring assets

(1) Accounting policy for measuring securities

Shares issued by a subsidiary and an equity method affiliate Stated at cost using the moving-average method

Other securities

Shares with no market price, etc.

Stated at cost using the moving-average method

(2) Accounting policy for measuring inventories

Merchandise and finished goods, work in process, raw materials

Stated at cost using the identified cost method (Cost of inventories is written-down when their carrying amounts become unrecoverable).

Supplies

Stated at cost determined by last purchase price method (Cost of inventories is written-down when their carrying amounts become unrecoverable).

2. Accounting policy for depreciation of assets

(1) Tangible assets

Facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016 are depreciated using the straight-line method, and other property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the declining-balance method.

The useful lives of major assets are as follows:

Buildings 8-18 years Vehicles 2-6 years Tools, furniture and fixtures 2-15 years

(2) Intangible assets

Software for sale in the market

The larger of the amortized amount based on the estimated sales volume or the amortized amount evenly distributed over the estimated salable period (2 years) is recorded.

Software for internal use

Amortization of software for internal use is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful life (5 years).

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are stated at cost determined by straight-line method.

3. Basis for reserves

Provision for share awards

The Company records an amount based on the estimated amount of stock benefit obligations as of the end of the fiscal year to prepare for providing the payment of the Company share to employees in accordance with stock benefit regulations.

4. Reporting of significant revenues and expenses

The following is a description of the main performance obligations in the Company's main business related to revenue from contracts with customers and the usual time at which the performance obligation is satisfied (the usual point of revenue recognition)

(1) Software

The transactions are related to sales of self-developed software such as the document management software *Claio* and the documentation software for municipalities and public organizations *DocuMaker Office*. With regard to software, the Company has determined that performance obligations are fulfilled in accordance with the progress of software implementation. Therefore, except for contracts with very short terms, the Company estimates the degree of progress toward fulfillment of performance obligations and recognizes revenue over a certain period of time based on the degree of progress. For progress estimates calculate based on the actual occurrence rate against total estimated cost (input method).

For contracts with very short terms, revenue is recognized at a point in time on the date of acceptance.

(2) Hardware

These are transactions related to the sale of commercial hardware products such as servers and PCs that occur in conjunction with the sale of software, which are the Company's products. For sales of products, revenue is recognized at the time the products are delivered to the customer.

(3) Support

These are transactions related to maintenance services that are provided on an ongoing basis after software is newly introduced. The Company has maintenance agreements with its users, since the Company's products manage important information both in medical institutions and in local governments. Under these contracts, the Company is obligated to provide services over the contract period and recognizes revenue over the service period

specified in the contract because the Company believes that the customer will receive benefits as it fulfills its obligations over the service period specified in the contract.

(4) Other

These are transactions related to entrusted development, system services and engineering. The Company undertakes entrusted development, system services and engineering utilizing its knowledge, know-how, and experience in healthcare and medical software. With regard to entrusted development, etc., the Company has determined that performance obligations will be fulfilled in accordance with the progress of the work. Therefore, except for contracts with very short terms, the Company estimates the degree of progress toward fulfillment of performance obligations and recognizes revenue over a certain period of time based on the degree of progress. For progress estimates calculate based on the actual occurrence rate against total estimated cost (input method).

For contracts with short terms, revenue is recognized at points in time on the dates of acceptance.

Other Significant Matters Fundamental to the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements Restricted Stock Compensation Plan

Under our Restricted Stock Compensation Plan, compensation provided to the Directors and Executive Officers is expensed over the relevant service period.

[Significant accounting estimates]

The following is a list of items for which an accounting estimate has been made and the amount has been recorded in the financial statements for FY2023 that may have a material effect on the financial statements for FY2024.

- 1. Revenue recognition using the input method based on an estimate of total cost
- (1) Amount recorded in the financial statements for FY2023

(JPY in thousands)

	FY2022	FY2023
Net sales based on input method	1,237,941	1,878,776
Net sales from projects in progress at the end of FY2023	251,488	669,802

(2) Details of significant accounting estimates related to the identified items

Details of significant accounting estimates related to the identified items is omitted because the same information is stated in the "Notes to the consolidated financial statements".

- 2. Impairment of non-current assets
- (1) Amount recorded in the financial statements for FY2023

Recorded amount of non-current assets with indications of impairment

(JPY in thousands)

	FY2022	FY2023
Tangible assets	9,294	7,543
Intangible assets	111,000	74,000

(2) Details of significant accounting estimates related to the identified items

The Company decides of whether impairment should be recognized or not based on undiscounted future cash flows from the asset group in case of any indication of impairment of non-current assets. At the end of FY2023, the Health Tech Business asset group was identified as having indications of impairment, but no impairment loss was recorded as the total undiscounted future cash flows exceeded the carrying value of the asset group.

The above undiscounted future cash flows are calculated on the basis of the medium-term business plan approved by the Board of Directors, which uses key assumptions such as sales and profit projection based on sales volume projection and expense projection such as labor, material, and outsourcing costs.

Although the Company carefully examines the recognition of signs of impairment and the recognition of impairment losses, it may be necessary to record impairment losses in the next fiscal year if the conditions and assumptions on which the estimated amounts are based change due to changes in market conditions or the Company's business conditions.

[Changes in accounting policies]

[Application of the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements]

The Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements (ASBJ Statement No. 31, June 17, 2021) was applied from the beginning of FY2023. In accordance with the transitional provisions set forth in paragraph 27-2 of the Accounting Standard

for Fair Value Measurements, it has been decided to apply the new accounting policies prescribed by the Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurements prospectively. This application has no impact on the consolidated financial statements.

[Changes in Presentation]

[Balance Sheet]

In the previous fiscal year, "Contributions", under "Investments and other assets", which were previously disclosed independently, were deemed to lack significant materiality in terms of amount. Consequently, starting from FY2023, they have been included under "Other" within "Investments and other assets". To reflect this change in presentation, the financial statements of FY2022 have been reclassified.

As a result, in the balance sheet of FY2022, "Contributions" under "Investments and other assets" of ¥133,320 thousand and "Other" of ¥907 thousand have been reclassified as "Other" under "Investments and other assets" totaling ¥134,227 thousand.

[Additional information]

[Valuation Method in "Stock Benefit Trust" (J-ESOP)]

Notes have been omitted because the same information on transactions in which the Company's shares are issued to employees through a trust is presented in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Additional Information)".

[Disposal of Treasury Shares as Restricted Stock Compensation]

The disposal of treasury shares as restricted stock compensation is not noted here because the same information is included in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Additional Information)".

[For non-consolidated balance sheets]

*Monetary receivables from and payables to a subsidiary and an equity method affiliate are as follows

(JPY in thousands)

		(bi i in the abands)
	FY2022	FY2023
	(As of December 31, 2022)	(As of December 31, 2023)
Short-term monetary receivables	873	1,082
Short-term monetary payables	16,272	7,821

[For non-consolidated statement of income, cumulative]

1. Transactions with a subsidiary and an equity method affiliate are as follows.

		(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022	FY2023
	(As of December 31, 2022)	(As of December 31, 2023)
Operating transactions	54,223	64,409
Non-operating transactions	1,245	1,320

2. The approximate percentages of expenses included in selling expenses were 57% in FY2022 and 58% inFY2023, and the approximate percentages of expenses included in general and administrative expenses were 43% in FY2022 and 42% in FY2023

Major components of selling, general and administrative expenses are as follows.

(JPY in thousands)

		(UT T III UITO USUITUS)
	FY2022	FY2023
	(As of December 31, 2022)	(As of December 31, 2023)
Salaries	791,422	893,198
Travel and transportation expenses	110,167	120,986
Depreciation	33,470	28,094

3. Share acquisition rights

FY2022 (From January 1, 2022 to December 31,2022)

Gain on reversal of share acquisition rights recorded in extraordinary income in FY2023 is due to the reversal of stock options in anticipation of their expiration.

FY2023 (From January 1, 2023 to December 31,2023)

4. Compensation for Damages

FY2022 (From January 1, 2022 to December 31,2022)

N/A

FY2023 (From January 1, 2023 to December 31,2023)

The Company compensated for damages caused by malfunctions in its software at a client's site.

[Tax effect accounting]

1. Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities		(JPY in thousands)
	FY2022	FY2023
_	(As of December 31, 2022)	(As of December 31, 2023)
Deferred tax assets		
Accrued enterprise taxes	13,346	18,049
Depreciation	57,597	73,874
Valuation of bonds of subsidiaries and affiliates	30,500	30,500
Provision for share awards	56,970	71,103
Long-term deposits received	17,247	13,666
Other	17,744	30,626
Total deferred tax assets	193,405	237,819
Deferred tax liabilities		
Prepaid labor insurance premiums	(1,220)	(1,358)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(1,220)	(1,358)
Net deferred tax assets	192,185	236,461

2. Significant differences between the statutory effective tax rate and after the application of tax effect accounting, by major category that caused the differences

FY2022 (As of December 31, 2022)

Notes are omitted because the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and after the application of tax effect accounting is less than 5/100 of the statutory effective tax rate.

FY2023 (As of December 31, 2023)

Notes are omitted because the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and after the application of tax effect accounting is less than 5/100 of the statutory effective tax rate.

[Revenue Recognition]

Information that provides a basis for understanding revenue from contracts with customers is presented in [Revenue Recognition] in "Notes to the consolidated financial statements", and therefore, notes have been omitted.

(Significant subsequent events)

(iv) Non-consolidated annexed detailed schedules Annexed detailed schedule of non-current assets

(JPY in thousands)

Category	Types of assets	Balance at the beginning of FY2023	Increase in FY2023	Decrease in FY2023	Depreciati on or amortizatio n for FY2023	Balance at the end of FY2023	Accumulated depreciation	Original cost acquired at the end of FY2023
	Buildings	50,709	-	1	4,345	46,363	22,702	69,065
Tangible	Vehicles	218	1,113	1	1,166	165	3,267	3,432
assets	Tools, furniture and fixtures	51,588	21,480	730	30,921	41,416	129,050	170,467
	Total	102,517	22,594	730	36,434	87,946	155,019	242,965
	software	251,005	254,278	-	215,234	290,050	3,371,846	3,661,896
Intangible	Manufacturing know- how	111,000	-	-	37,000	74,000	111,000	185,000
assets	Other	344	-	-	-	344	-	344
	Total	362,349	254,278	-	252,234	364,394	3,482,846	3,847,240

(Notes)

- 1. The increase in tools, furniture, and fixtures during the current period is mainly due to the purchase of PCs.
- 2. The breakdown of increase in software (for sale on the market) by major product is as follows: *Claio*: ¥53,809 thousand, *REMORA*: ¥28,479 thousand, *DocuMaker*: ¥76,811 thousand, *C-Scan*: ¥7,593 thousand, *PDI+MoveBy*: ¥7,413 thousand, *ProRad*: ¥12,512 thousand, *GAP*: ¥23,457 thousand, *Medical Avenue*: ¥12,005 thousand, *DocuMaker Office*: ¥29,941 thousand.

Annexed detailed schedule of provisions

(JPY in thousands)

Account	Balance at the beginning of FY2023	Increase in FY2023	Decrease in FY2023	Balance at the end of FY2023
Provision for share awards	186,787	52,999	6,660	233,125

(2) [Major assets and liabilities]

This information is omitted as indicated in "Consolidated financial statements".

(3) [Other]

VI. Outline of Share-Related Administration of Reporting Company

Fiscal year	From January 1 to December 31	
General Meeting of Shareholders	Within 3 months after the end of each fiscal year	
Record date for dividend	December 31	
Record dates for dividend of	June 30	
surplus	December 31	
Number of shares per unit of the Company's stock	100 shares	
Repurchase of shares of less than a standard unit		
Address where repurchases are processed	1-4-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Stock Transfer Agency Business Planning Dept., Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	
Administrator of	1-4-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	
shareholders' register	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	
Offices available for repurchase	_	
Charges for repurchase	Free of charge	
Method of public notice	Public notices of the Company shall be given by electronic means. https://findex.co.jp However, that in the event accidents or other unavoidable reasons prevent public notice by electronic means, the notice can be given in the Nihon Keizai Shimbun.	
Special benefits to shareholders	None	

⁽Notes) According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation where the rights of shareholders holding shares of less than a standard unit are prescribed, the holder of shares of less than a standard unit shall not be entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in connection with such below-unit shares other than those rights listed below:

- (i) The rights stipulated in each item of Article 189, Paragraph 2, of the Companies Act.
- (ii) The right to request acquisition of share with put option.
- (iii) The right to receive allotment of offered shares or offered share subscription rights.

VII. Reference Information of Reporting Company

1 [Information on the Parent of Reporting Company]

The Company has no parent company or equivalent as prescribed in Article 24-7, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

2 [Other Reference Information]

The Company filed the following documents between the beginning of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 and the date when this Securities Report (Yukashoken-Hokokusho) was filed.

(1) Securities Report and Accompanying Documents and Confirmation Note

Fiscal Year the 38th (From January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022) Submitted to the Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on March 29, 2023

(2) Internal Control Report and Attached Documents

Submitted to the Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on March 29, 2023

(3) Quarterly Securities Reports and Confirmation Notes

The 1st quarter of 39th period (from January 1, 2023 to March 31, 2023) Submitted to the Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on May 11, 2023

The 2nd quarter of 39th period (from April 1, 2023 to June 30, 2023) Submitted to the Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on August 9, 2023

The 3rd quarter of 39th period (from July 1, 2023 to September 30, 2023) Submitted to the Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on November 13, 2023

(4) Extraordinary Report

Submitted to the Director of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau on March 29, 2023

An extraordinary report according to the provision of Article 24-5, Paragraph 4, of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and Article 19, Paragraph 2, Item 9-2 (Matters that require a resolution of a general meeting of shareholders), of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Information, etc.

Part II Information on Guarantors, etc. for Reporting Company $_{\mbox{\scriptsize N/A}}$